

Temposonics®

Magnetostrictive Linear Position Sensors



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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose and use of this manual

Before starting the operation of Temposonics® position sensors, read this documentation thoroughly and follow the safety information. Keep the manual for future reference!

The content of this technical documentation and of its appendix is intended to provide information on mounting, installation and commissioning by qualified automation personnel 1 or instructed service technicians who are familiar with the project planning and dealing with Temposonics® sensors.

1.2 Used symbols and warnings

Warnings are intended for your personal safety and for avoidance of damage to the described product or connected devices. In this documentation, safety information and warnings to avoid danger that might affect the life and health of operating or service personnel or cause material damage are highlighted by the preceding pictogram which is defined below.

Symbol	Meaning
NOTICE	This symbol is used to point to situations that may lead to material damage, but not to personal injury.

2. Safety instructions

2.1 Intended use

This product may be used only for the applications defined under item 1 and only in conjunction with the third-party devices and components recommended or approved by MTS Sensors. As a prerequsite of proper and safe operation the product requires correct transport, storage, mounting and commissioning and must be operated with utmost care.

1. The sensor systems of all Temposonics® series are intended exclusively for measurement tasks encountered in industrial, commercial and laboratory applications. The sensors are considered as system accessories and must be connected to suitable evaluation electronics, e.g. a PLC, IPC, indicator or other electronic control unit.

2.2 Forseeable misuse

Forseeable misuse	Consequence
Wrong sensor connection	The sensor will not work properly or will be destroyed
Operate the sensor out of the operating temperature range	No signal output The sensor can be damaged
Power supply is out of the defined range	Signal output is wrong / no signal output / the sensor will be damaged
Position measurement is influenced by an external magnetic field	Signal output is wrong
Cables are damaged	Short circuit – the sensor can be destroyed / sensor does not respond
Spacers are missing / are installed in a wrong order	Error in position measurement
Wrong connection of ground / shield	Signal output is disturbed The electronics can be damaged
Use of a magnet that is not certified by MTS Sensors	Error in position measurement

Do not reprocess the sensor afterwards. The sensor might be damaged. Do not step on the sensor. The sensor might be damaged.

- 1/ The term qualified technical personnel characterizes persons who:
 - are familiar with the safety concepts of automation technology applicable to the particular project
 - are competent in the field of electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
 - have received adequate training for commissioning and service operations
 - are familiar with the operation of the device and know the information required for correct operation provided in the product documentation

Operation Manual

2.3 Installation, commissioning and operation

The position sensors must be used only in technically safe condition. To maintain this condition and to ensure safe operation, installation, connection and service, work may be performed only by qualified technical personnel.

If danger of injury to persons or of damage to operating equipment is caused by sensor failure or malfunction, additional safety measures such as plausibility checks, limit switches, EMERGENCY STOP systems, protective devices etc. are required. In the event of trouble, shut down the sensor and protect it against accidental operation.

Safety instructions for commissioning

To maintain the sensor's operability, it is mandatory to follow the instructions given below.

- 1. Protect the sensor against mechanical damage during installation and operation.
- 2. Do not open or dismantle the sensor.
- 3. Connect the sensor very carefully and pay attention to the polarity of connections and power supply.
- 4. Use only approved power supplies.
- It is indispensable to ensure that the specified permissible limit values of the sensor for operating voltage, environmental conditions, etc. are met.
- 6. Check the function of the sensor regularly and provide documentation of the checks.
- 7. Before applying power, ensure that nobody's safety is jeopardized by starting machines.

2.4 Safety instructions for use in explosion-hazardous areas

The sensor is not suitable for operation in explosion-hazardous areas.

2.5 Warranty

MTS Sensors grants a warranty period for the Temposonics® position sensors and supplied accessories relating to material defects and faults that occur despite correct use in accordance with the intended application². The MTS Sensors obligation is limited to repair or replacement of any defective part of the unit. No warranty can be provided for defects that are due to improper use or above average stress of the product, as well as for wear parts. Under no circumstances will MTS Sensors accept liability in the event of offense against the warranty rules, no matter if these have been assured or expected, even in case of fault or negligence of the company. MTS Sensors explicitly excludes any further warranties. Neither the company's representatives, agents, dealers nor employees are authorized to increase or change the scope of warranty.

2.6 Return

For diagnostic purposes, the sensor can be returned to MTS Sensors. Any shipment cost is the responsibility of the sender ². For a corresponding form, see chapter "10. Appendix" on page 49.

^{2/} See also applicable MTS Sensors terms of sales and delivery on: www.mtssensors.com

3. Identification

3.1 Order code of Temposonics® RP

1 2	3	4 5 6 7 8	9 10 11	12	13 14 15 16	17 18 19
RP			D 5 8	1	U 4 0	
a	b	C	d	е	f	g
						optional

a	Sensor model
В	D Profile

••	Ŀ	١.		

b	Design

- G Magnet slider, joint on top, backslash free (part no. 253421)
- M U-magnet, OD33 (part no. 251416-2)
- S Magnet slider, joint on top (part no. 252182)
- V Magnet slider, joint at front (part no. 252184)

c Stroke length		
X X X M 00255080 mn	1	
Standard stroke length (mm)*	Ordering steps	
25 500 mm	25 mm	
500 2500 mm	50 mm	
2500 5080 mm	100 mm	
X X X U 001.0200.0 in		
Standard stroke length (in.)*	Ordering steps	
1 20 in.	1 in.	
20 100 in.	2 in.	
100 200 in.	4 in.	

d Connection type					
D 5 8 2	2 × M12 female connectors (5 pin),				
	1 × M12 male connector (4 pin)				

е	Operating voltage
1	+24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)

	Output				
U	4	0	1	Profinet IO RT, Encoder Profile, 1 magnet	
U	4	0	2	Profinet IO RT, MTS Profile, 119 magnets	

g	Magnet number for multi-position measurement ³		
Z	X	X	Z02Z19 (219 positions)

 $^{^{\}star}/\:$ Non standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm / 0.1 in. increments

^{3/} Note: Specify magnet number for your sensing application and order separately

Operation Manual

3.2 Order code of Temposonics® RH

1 2	3	4 5 6 7 8	9 10 11	12	13 14 15 16	17 18 19
RH			D 5 8	1	U 4 0	
a	b	C	d	е	f	g
						optional

а	Sensor model
R	H Rod

b	Design
В	Base unit ⁴
D	Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g (bushing on rod end)
Н	Threaded flange $\frac{3}{4}$ "-16 UNF-3A (with fluoroelastomer housing-seal)
J	Threaded flange M22×1.5-6g (rod Ø 12.7 mm, 800 bar)
M	Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g (standard)
R	Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g (thread M4 at rod end)
S	Threaded flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A (standard)
Т	Threaded flange ³ / ₄ "-16 UNF-3A (with raised-face)

U	Threaded flange ¾"-16 UNF-3A (with raised-face &
	fluoroelastomer housing-seal)
٧	Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g (with fluoroelastomer housing-seal)

c Stroke length	
X X X X M 00257620	mm
Standard stroke length (mm)**	Ordering steps
25 500 mm	5 mm
500 750 mm	10 mm
7501000 mm	25 mm
10002500 mm	50 mm
25005000 mm	100 mm
50007620 mm	250 mm
X X X X U 001.0300.0) in.
Standard stroke length (in.)**	Ordering steps
1 20 in.	0.2 in.
20 30 in.	0.4 in.
30 40 in.	1.0 in.
40100 in.	2.0 in.
100200 in.	4.0 in.
200300 in.	10.0 in.

		ction type
D	5 8	2 × M12 female connectors (5 pin),
		1 × M12 male connector (4 pin)

е	Operating voltage
1	+24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)

f				
				Profinet IO RT, Encoder Profile, 1 magnet
U	4	0	2	Profinet IO RT, MTS Profile, 119 magnets

g	Mag	gnei	t number for multi-position measurement ⁵
Z	X	X	Z02Z19 (219 positions)

^{4/} RH-B is for replacement (see chapter 4.7)

^{5/} Note: Specify magnet number for your sensing application and order separately

 $^{^{\}star}/\,$ Non standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm / 0.1 in. increments

3.3 Order code of Temposonics® RD4

1 2 3	4	5 6 7	8 9 10 11 12	13 14 15	16 17 18 19	20 21 22
R D 4				D 5 8	U 4 0	
а	b	C	d	е	f	g
						ontional

а	Sensor model			
R	D	4	Detached sensor electronics	

b	Design
C	Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g, A/F 46
D	Threaded flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A, A/F 46
G	Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g, A/F 24
M	Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g, A/F23
S	Pressure fit flange Ø 26.9 mm f6
Т	Threaded flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A, A/F 23

C	Integral cable of sensor rod				
For	sid	e ca	ble entry on sensor electronics housing		
D	1	S	PUR cable with M16 connector, length 250 mm (9.8 in.)		
D	2	S	PUR cable with M16 connector, length 400 mm (15.7 in.)		
D	3	S	PUR cable with M16 connector, length 600 mm (23.6 in.)		
For	For bottom cable entry on sensor electronics housing				
R	2	В	PUR cable / wires with flat connector, length 65 mm (2.6 in.)		
R	4	В	PUR cable / wires with flat connector, length 170 mm (6.7 in.)		
R	5	В	PUR cable / wires with flat connector length 230 mm (9.1 in.)		
R	6	В	PUR cable / wires with flat connector, length 350 mm (13.8 in.)		

Gp.	
d Stroke length	
X X X M Flange »C«, »	D«, »G«, »M«, »T«: 00255080 mm
Flange »S«: (00252540 mm
Standard stroke length (mm)*	Ordering steps
25 500 mm	5 mm
500 750 mm	10 mm
7501000 mm	25 mm
10002500 mm	50 mm
25005080 mm	100 mm
	D«, »G«, »M«, »T«: 001.0200.0 in. 101.0100.0 in.
Standard stroke length (in.)*	Ordering steps
1 20 in.	0.2 in.
20 30 in.	0.4 in.
30 40 in.	1.0 in.
40100 in.	2.0 in.
100200 in.	4.0 in.

D 5 8 $2 \times M12$ female connectors (5 pin), $1 \times M12$ male connector (4 pin)

Operating voltage

e Connection type

+24 VDC (-15 / +20 %); Standard, not indicated in order code

f	f Output			
U	4	0	1	Profinet IO RT, Encoder Profile, 1 magnet
U	4	0	2	Profinet IO RT, MTS Profile, 119 magnets

	Magnet number for multi-position measurement ⁶			
Z	X	X	Z02Z19 (219 positions)	

 $^{^{\}star}/\:$ Non standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm / 0.1 in. increments

^{6/} Note: Specify magnet number for your sensing application and order separately

Operation Manual

3.4 Order code of Temposonics® RF

1 2	3	4 5 6 7 8 9	10 11 12	13	14 15 16 17	18 19 20
RF			D 5 8	1	U 4 0	
a	b	C	d	е	f	g
						optional

a	Sensor model					
R	F Flexible sensor rod					

b	Design
C	Base unit
M	Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g
S	Threaded flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A

c Stroke length	
X X X X M	0015020,000 mm
Standard stroke leng	th (mm)* Ordering steps
150 1000 mm	50 mm
1000 5000 mm	100 mm
500010,000 mm	250 mm
10,00015,000 mm	500 mm
15,00020,000 mm	1000 mm
X X X X U	0006.00787.0 in.
Standard stroke len	gth (in.)* Ordering steps
6 40 in.	2 in.
40197 in.	4 in.
197394 in.	10 in.
394591 in.	20 in.
591787 in.	40 in.

d Connection type
D 5 8 2×M12 female connectors (5 pin),
1 × M12 male connector (4 pin)

е	Operating voltage
1	+24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)

f	Output				
U	4	0	1	Profinet IO RT, Encoder Profile, 1 magnet	
U	4	0	2	Profinet IO RT, MTS Profile, 119 magnets	

g	g Magnet number for multi-position measurement ⁷			
Z	X	X	Z02Z19 (219 positions)	

 $^{^{\}star}/\:$ Non standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm / 0.1 in. increments

^{7/} Note: Specify magnet number for your sensing application and order separately

3.5 Nameplate

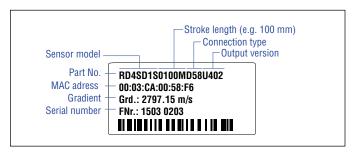


Fig. 1: Example of nameplate of a R-Series RD4 sensor

3.6 Approvals

- **C€** certified (RP / RH / RF)
- UL/cUL certified (RP / RH)
- · EAC certified
- · PNO certified

3.7 Scope of delivery

RP (profile sensor):

- Sensor
- Position magnet
- 2 mounting clamps up to 1250 mm (50 in.) stroke length + 1 mounting clamp for each 500 mm (20 in.) additional stroke length

RH (rod sensor):

- RH-B: Base unit, 2 socket screws M4
- RH-D / -H / -J / -M / -R / -S / -T / -U / -V: Sensor, O-ring

RD4 (detached sensor electronics):

- RD4-C / -D / -G / -M / -T: Sensor, O-ring
- RD4-S: Sensor, O-ring, back-up ring

RF (flexible sensor rod):

- · RF-C: Base unit
- RF-M / -S: Sensor, O-ring

4. Product description and commissioning

4.1 Functionality and system design

Product designation

Position sensor Temposonics® R-Series

Sensor model

- Temposonics® RP (profile sensor)
- Temposonics® RH (rod sensor)
- Temposonics® RD4 (detached sensor electronics)
- Temposonics® RF (flexible sensor rod)

Stroke length

- RP 25... 5080 mm (1...200 in.)
- RH 25... 7620 mm (1...300 in.)
- RD4 25... 5080 mm (1...200 in.)
- RF 150...20000 mm (6...787 in.)

Output signal

· Profinet IO RT

Application

The Temposonics® position sensors are used for measurement and conversion of the length (position) variable in the fields of automated systems and mechanical engineering.

Principle of operation and system construction

The absolute, linear position sensors provided by MTS Sensors rely on the company's proprietary Temposonics® magnetostrictive technology, which can determine position with a high level of precision and robustness. Each Temposonics® position sensor consists of a ferromagnetic waveguide, a position magnet, a strain pulse converter and supporting electronics. The magnet, connected to the object in motion in the application, generates a magnetic field at its location on the waveguide. A short current pulse is applied to the waveguide. This creates a momentary radial magnetic field and torsional strain on the waveguide. The momentary interaction of the magnetic fields releases a torsional strain pulse that propagates the length of the waveguide. When the ultrasonic wave reaches the end of the waveguide it is converted into an electrical signal. Since the speed of the ultrasonic wave in the waveguide is precisely known, the time required to receive the return signal can be converted into a linear position measurement with both high accuracy and repeatability.

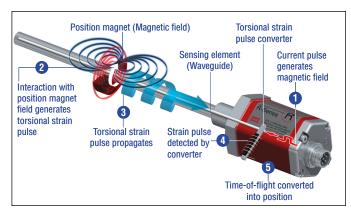


Fig. 2: Time-based magnetostrictive position sensing principle

Modular mechanical and electronic construction

- The sensor rod or profile protects the inner sensor element.
- The sensor electronics housing, a rugged aluminum construction, contains the complete electronic interface with active signal conditioning. Double shielding ensures high safety of operation and optimum EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility).
- The external position magnet is a permanent magnet. Mounted on the mobile machine part, it travels along the sensor rod or profile and triggers the measurement through the sensor rod wall.
- The sensor can be connected directly to a control system.
 Its electronics generates a strictly position-proportional signal output between start and end position.

4.2 Styles and installation of Temposonics® RP

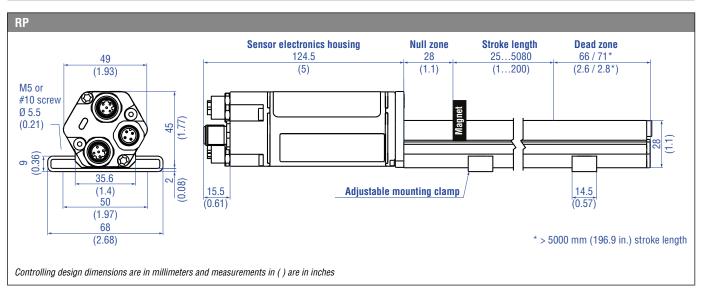


Fig. 3: Temposonics® RP with U-magnet

Installation of RP

The position sensor can be installed in any position. Normally, the sensor is firmly installed and the position magnet is fastened to the mobile machine part. Thus it can travel along the sensor profile. The sensor is fitted on a flat machine surface using the mounting clamps (Fig. 4). A length-dependent number of these clamps are delivered with the sensor and must be distributed over the profile at regular distances. For fastening use M5×20 screws to DIN 6912 that should be tightened with a fastening torque of 5 Nm.

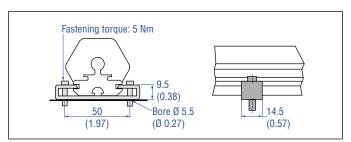


Fig. 4: Mounting clamps (part no. 400 802) with cylinder screw M5×20

Alternative:

If only limited space is available, the profile sensor can be mounted also via the T-rail in the profile bottom using an T-slot nut M5 (part no. 401 602) or a sliding block (Fig. 5).

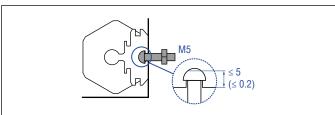


Fig. 5: T-slot nut M5 (part no. 401 602)

NOTICE

Take care to mount the sensor in an axially parallel position to avoid damage to magnet and sensor.

4.3 Styles and installation of Temposonics® RH

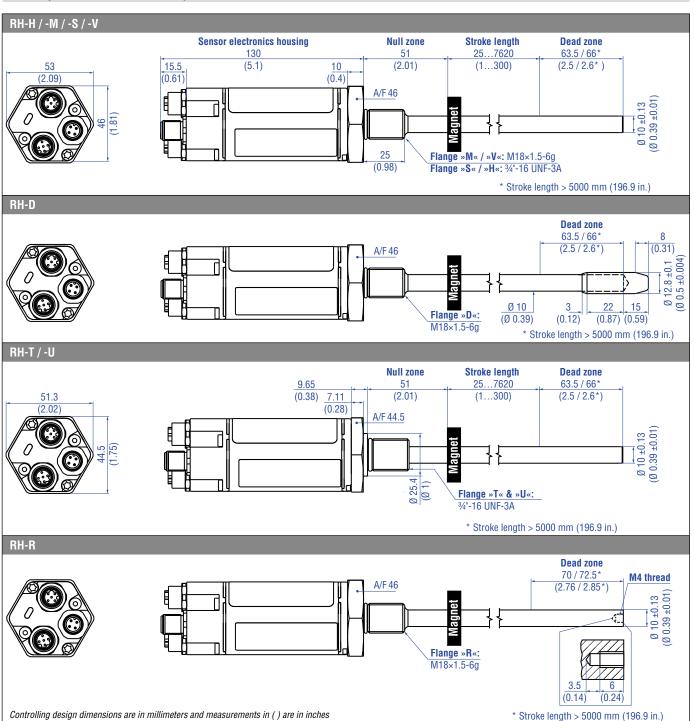


Fig. 6: Temposonics® RH with ring magnet part 1

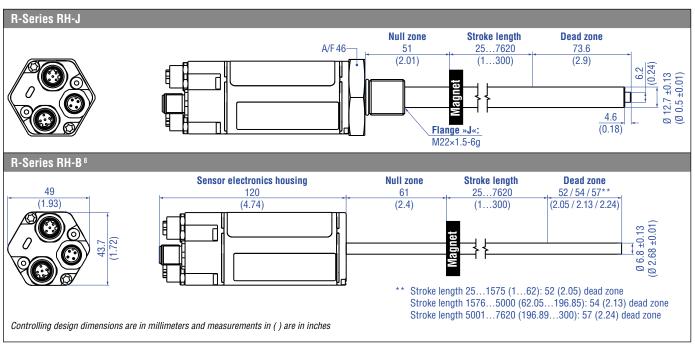


Fig. 7: Temposonics® RH with ring magnet part 2

Installation of RH with threaded flange »D«, »H«, »J«, »M«, »R«, »S«, »T«, »U« & »V«

Fix the sensor rod via threaded flange M18×1.5-6g, M22×1.5-6g or 34"-16 UNF-3A.

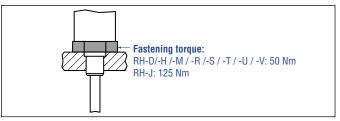


Fig. 8: Mounting example of threaded flange »D«, »H«, »J«, »M«, »R«, »S«, »T«, »U« & »V«

Installation of a rod-style sensor in a fluid cylinder

The rod-style version has been developed for direct stroke measurement in a fluid cylinder. Mount the sensor via threaded flange or a hex nut.

- Mounted on the face of the piston, the position magnet travels over the rod without touching it and indicates the exact position through the rod wall – independent of the hydraulic fluid.
- The pressure resistant sensor rod is installed into a bore in the piston rod.
- The base unit is mounted by means of only two screws. It is the only part that needs to be replaced if servicing is required, i.e. the hydraulic circuit remains closed. For more information see chapter "4.7 Replacement of sensor" on page 26.

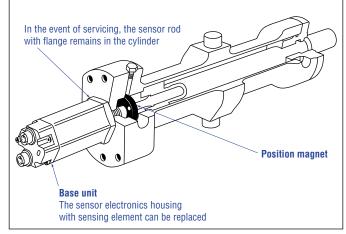


Fig. 9: Sensor in cylinder

Hydraulics sealing

There are two ways to seal the flange contact surface (Fig. 10):

- 1. A sealing by using an O-ring (e.g. 22.4×2.65 mm (0.88×0.1 in.), 25.07×2.62 mm (0.99×0.1 in.)) in a cylinder bottom groove.
- 2. A sealing by using an O-ring in the undercut.

 For threaded flange (¾"-16 UNF-3A) »H« / »S« / »T« / »U«:

 O-ring 16.4 × 2.2 mm (0.65 × 0.09 in.) (part no. 560 315)

 For threaded flange (M18×1.5-6g) »D« / »M« / »R«/ »V«:

 O-ring 15.3 × 2.2 mm (0.60 × 0.09 in.) (part no. 401 133)

 For threaded flange (M22×1.5-6g) »J«:

 O-ring 19.2 × 2.2 mm (0.76 × 0.09 in.) (part no. 561 337)

^{8/} RH-B is for replacement (see chapter 4.7)

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In the case of threaded flange M18×1.5-6g or M22×1.5-6g, provide a screw hole based on ISO 6149-1 (Fig. 11). See ISO 6149-1 for further information.

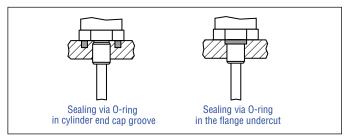


Fig. 10: Possibilities of sealing

- Note the fastening torque of: RH-D/-H /-M / -R /-S / -T / -U / -V: 50 Nm RH-J: 125 Nm
- Seat the flange contact surface completely on the cylinder mounting surface.
- The cylinder manufacturer determines the pressure-resistant gasket (copper gasket, O-ring, etc.).
- The position magnet should not grind on the sensor rod.
- The piston rod drilling (RH-H/-M/-R/-S/-T/-U/-V: rod Ø 10 mm: \geq Ø 13 mm (\geq Ø 0.51 in.); RH-D: rod Ø 10 mm: \geq Ø 16 mm (\geq Ø 0.63 in.); RH-J: rod Ø 12.7 mm: \geq Ø 16 mm (\geq Ø 0.63 in.)) depends on the pressure and piston speed.
- Adhere to the information relating to operating pressure.
- · Protect the sensor rod against wear.

Notice for metric threaded flanges

Thread	d_{2}	d_3	$d_{_4}$	$d_{\scriptscriptstyle{5}}$	L,	$L_{\scriptscriptstyle 2}$	L ₃	$L_{\scriptscriptstyle{4}}$	Z°
(d ₁ ×P)				+0.1 0	+0.4 0				±1°
RH-M / -R / -V	'								
M18×1.5-6g	55	≥ 13	24.5	19.8	2.4	28.5	2	26	15°
RH-D									
M18×1.5-6g	55	≥ 16	24.5	19.8	2.4	28.5	2	26	15°
RH-J									
M22×1.5-6g	55	≥ 16	27.5	23.8	2.4	28.5	2	26	15°
Ra 3.2 Ra 3.2 Ra 3.2 Ra 3.2 This dimension applies when tap drill cannot pass through entire boss. Controlling design dimensions are in millimeters									

Fig. 11: Notice for metric threaded flange M18×1.5-6g / M22×1.5-6g based on DIN ISO 6149-1

4.4 Styles and installation of Temposonics® RD4

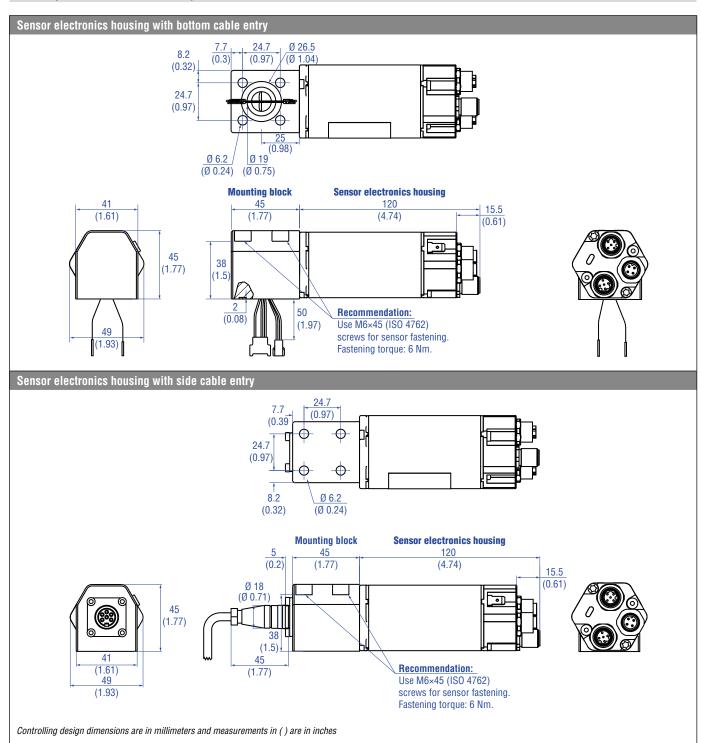


Fig. 12: Temposonics® RD4 sensor electronics housings

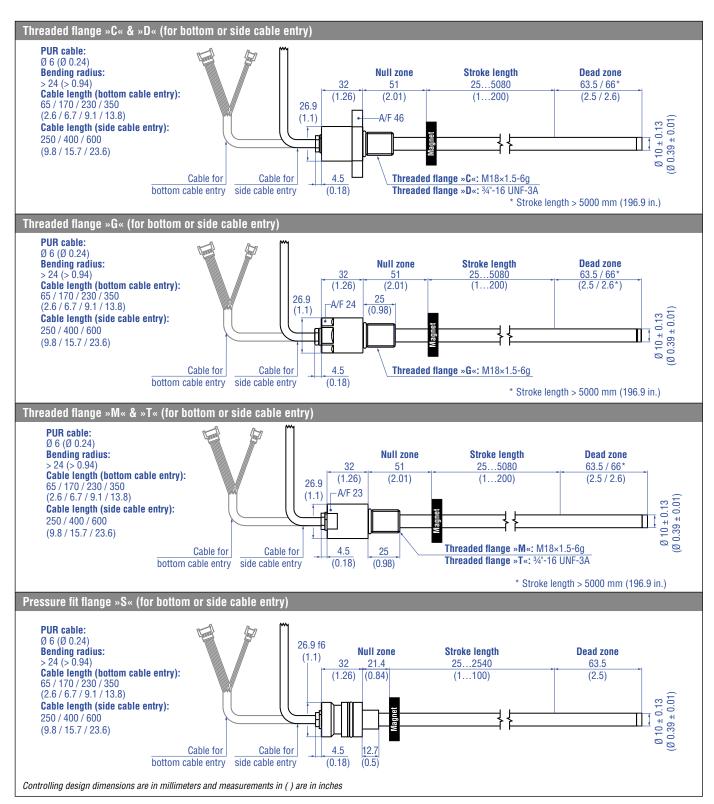
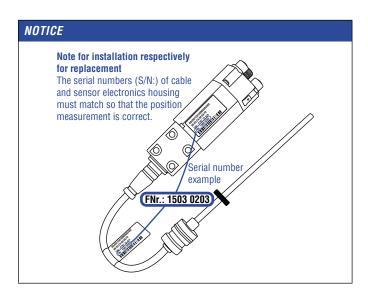


Fig. 13: Temposonics RD4 flanges with ring manget



NOTICE

Mount the sensor as follows:

- 1. Mount the flange with sensor rod
- 2. Mount the sensor electronics housing
- 3. Connect the cable between flange and the sensor electronics housing

The steps mentioned above will be explained in chapter 4.4.1, chapter 4.4.2 and chapter 4.4.3.

4.4.1 Installation of RD4 with threaded flange

Fix the sensor rod via threaded flange M18×1.5-6g or 3/4"-16 UNF-3A.

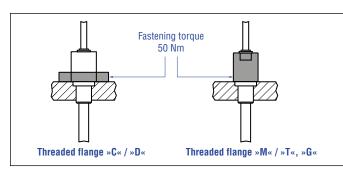


Fig. 14: Mounting example of threaded flange »C/D«, »M/T« & »G«

Installation of a rod-style sensor in a fluid cylinder

The rod-style version has been developed for direct stroke measurement in a fluid cylinder. Mount the sensor via threaded flange or a hex nut.

- Mounted on the face of the piston, the position magnet travels over the rod without touching it and indicates the exact position through the rod wall – independent of the hydraulic fluid.
- The pressure resistant sensor rod is installed into a bore in the piston rod.

Hydraulics sealing

There are the following ways to seal the flange contact surface (Fig. 15):

For threaded flange »C« / »D«:

1. A sealing by using an O-ring (e.g. 22.4×2.65 mm (0.88×0.1 in.) 25.07×2.62 mm (0.99×0.1 in.)) in a cylinder end cap groove.

For threaded flange (3/4"-16 UNF-3A) »D« / »T«:

2. A sealing by using an O-ring 16.4×2.2 mm $(0.65 \times 0.09$ in.) (part no. 560315) in the undercut.

For threaded flange (M18×1.5-6g) »C« / »M« & »G«:

3. A sealing by using 0-ring 15.3×2.2 mm $(0.6 \times 0.09 \text{ in.})$ (part no. 401133) in the undercut. In this case a screw hole based on ISO 6149-1 (Fig. 16) must be provided. See ISO 6149-1 for further information.

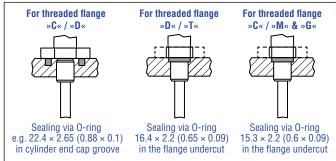


Fig. 15: Possibilities of sealing

- · Note the fastening torque of 50 Nm.
- Seat the flange contact surface completely on the cylinder mounting surface.
- The cylinder manufacturer determines the pressure-resistant gasket (copper gasket, O-ring, etc.).
- The position magnet should not grind on the sensor rod.
- The piston rod drilling ($\geq \emptyset$ 13 mm ($\geq \emptyset$ 0.51 in.)) depends on the pressure and piston speed.
- Adhere to the information relating to operating pressure.
- Protect the sensor rod against wear.

Notice for metric threaded flanges

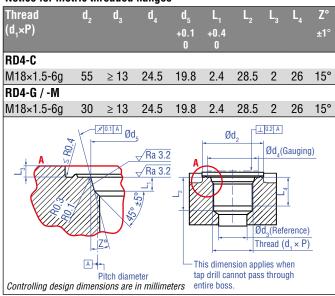


Fig. 16: Notice for metric threaded flange M18×1.5-6g based on DIN ISO 6149-1

4.4.2 Installation of RD4 with pressure fit flange

Cylinder mounting

Install the rod using the pressure fit flange. Seal it off by means of the O-ring and the back-up ring. Block the pressure fit flange using a shoulder screw (Fig. 18). For details of the pressure fit flange »S« see Fig. 18. Also note the mounting examples in Fig. 19 and Fig. 20.

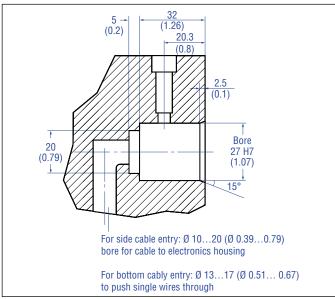


Fig. 17: Example of mounting detail: Shoulder screw 8-M6 (ISO 7379) with internal hexagon

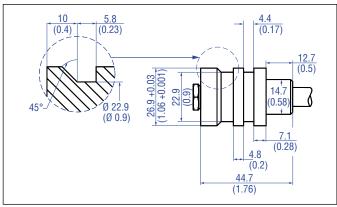


Fig. 18: Pressure fit flange »S« details

Note for cylinder installation:

- The position magnet should not grind on the sensor rod.
- The piston rod drilling ($\geq \emptyset$ 13 mm ($\geq \emptyset$ 0.51 in.)) depends on the pressure and piston speed.
- Adhere to the information relating to operating pressure.
- · Protect the sensor rod against wear.

4.4.3 Installation of RD4's sensor electronics housing

The following section explains the connection of a RD4 sensor with bottom cable entry (Fig. 19) and side cable entry (Fig. 20) based on RD4-S. The sensor electronics of RD4 sensors with threaded flange are mounted in the same way.

Sensor electronics with bottom cable entry

Connect the rod via the connector to the sensor electronics. Mount the sensor electronics so that you can lead the cables below the bottom of the housing. Thus the sensor system including the connection cables is fully encapsulated and protected against external disturbances (Fig. 19). Note the bending radius of the cable if you run the cable between sensor electronics and rod (see Fig. 13).

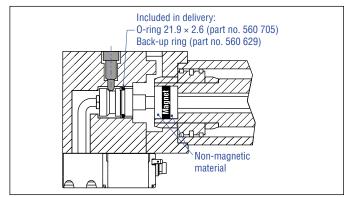


Fig. 19: Mounting example of pressure fit flange »S« and sensor electronics with bottom cable entry

Sensor electronics with side cable entry

Connect the rod via the cable to the sensor electronics on the side. Encapsulate the sensor system including the connection cables (Fig. 20). Note the bending radius of the cable if you run the cable between sensor electronics and rod (see Fig. 13).

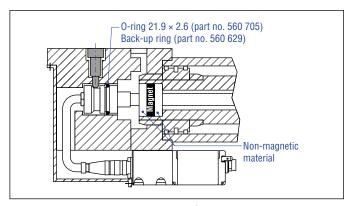


Fig. 20: Mounting example of pressure fit flange »S« and sensor electronics with side cable entry

NOTICE

To fulfill the EMC standards for emission and immunity the following points are necessary:

- The sensor electronics housing has to be connected to machine ground.
- The cable between the sensor and the electronics must be integrated into a metallic housing.

Connect the flange to the sensor electronics housing via the molex connectors for bottom cable entry respectively via the 6 pin cable for side cable entry.

Mounting of sensor electronics housing

Mount the sensor electronics housing with 4 M6×45 (ISO 4762) screws via the mounting block. Note the fastening torque of 6 Nm.

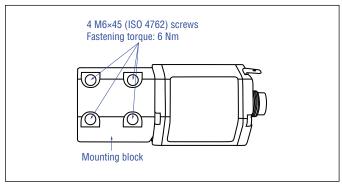


Fig. 21: Mounting of RD4's sensor electronics housing (example of bottom cable entry)

4.5 Styles and installation of Temposonics® RF

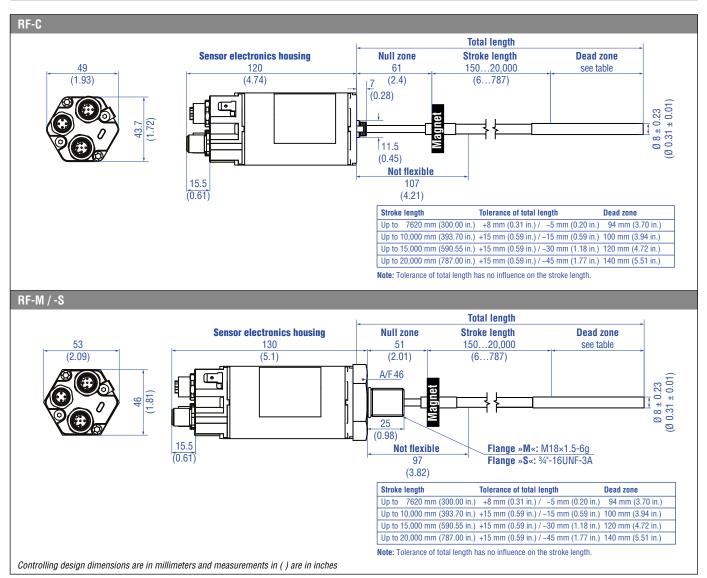


Fig. 22: Temposonics® RF base unit with ring magnet (top) and RF with threaded flange with ring magnet (bottom)

Note the following information when mounting a RF sensor:

- 1. Always insert the flexible sensor rod in a support tube (e.g. pressure rod HD / HL / HP or HFP profile). The support tube with an inside diameter of 9.4 mm (0.37 in.) consists of non-magnetic material. The support tube can be straight or bent (note the bending radius in Fig. 24).
- 2. Do never bend beyond the minimum bending radius of 250 mm (9.84 in.).

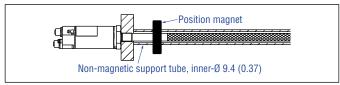


Fig. 23: Sensor with support tube

- 3. Note the minimum distance to a spatial limitation of 300 mm (11.81 in.), when mounting / dismounting the sensor (Fig. 24).
- 4. Note that the first 107 mm (4.21 in.) (for RF-C) respectively 97 mm (3.82 in.) (for RF-M) of the sensor rod are not flexible.

NOTICE

Smaller radiuses cause damage to the flexible sensor rod.

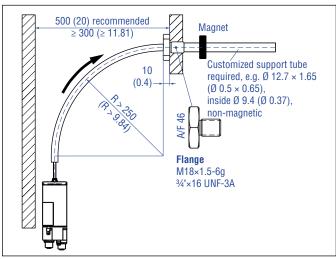


Fig. 24: Clearances for installation

This is the way you mount the RF sensors:

Sensor design	Mounting
RF-C	 Insert the flexible sensor rod in a support tube. Mount the sensor electronics housing by means of two non-magnetic socket head screws M4×90. Fastening torque: 2 Nm (see Fig. 25) Recommendation: Seal the sensor via flange.
RF-C with pressure rod HD / HL / HP or HFP profile (see accessories)	 Advantage: The flexible sensor rod is inserted in a support tube. Mount the sensor electronics housing by means of two non-magnetic socket head screws M4×90. Fastening torque: 2 Nm (see Fig. 25)
RF-M / RF-S	Insert the flexible sensor rod in a support tube.Mount the sensor via flange.

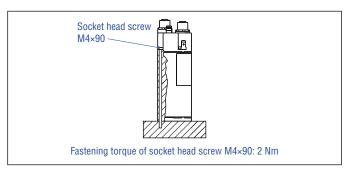


Fig. 25: Mounting with socket head screws M4×90

NOTICE

Connect the sensor electronics housing to machine ground to fulfill the EMC standards for emission and immunity.

Installation of RF with threaded flange »M«, »S« or RF with pressure rod HD / HL / HP

Fix the sensor rod via threaded flange M18×1.5-6g or 3/4"-16 UNF-3A.

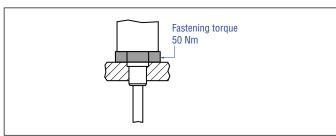


Fig. 26: Mounting example of threaded flange »M«/»S« or pressure rod HD/HI/HP

Installation of a RF sensor with pressure rod HD / HL / HP in a fluid cylinder:

The rod-style version has been developed for direct stroke measurement in a fluid cylinder. Mount the sensor via threaded flange or a hex nut.

- Mounted on the face of the piston, the position magnet travels over the rod without touching it and indicates the exact position through the rod wall – independent of the hydraulic fluid.
- The pressure resistant sensor rod is installed into a bore in the piston rod.
- The base unit is mounted by means of only two screws. It is the only part that needs to be replaced if servicing is required, i.e. the hydraulic circuit remains closed. For more information see chapter "4.7 Replacement of sensor" on page 26.

Operation Manual

Hydraulics sealing when using a RF sensor in a pressure rod HD / HL / HP

There are two ways to seal the flange contact surface (Fig. 27):

- 1. A sealing by using an O-ring (e.g. 22.4×2.65 mm (0.88×0.1 in.), 25.07×2.62 mm (0.99×0.1 in.)) in a cylinder end cap groove.
- 2. A sealing by unsing an O-ring in the undercut.

 For threaded flange (¾"-16 UNF-3A) »S«:

 O-ring 16.4 × 2.2 mm (0.65 × 0.09 in.) (part no. 560315)

 For threaded flange (M18×1.5-6g) »M«:

 O-ring 15.3 × 2.2 mm (0.60 × 0.09 in.) (part no. 401133)

 In this case, a screw hole based on ISO 6149-1 (Fig. 28)

 must be provided. See ISO 6149-1 for further information.

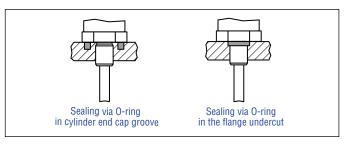


Fig. 27: Possibilities of sealing

Note the following points when using a RF-M / -S sensor or RF-C with pressure rod HD / HL / HP:

- · Note the fastening torque of 50 Nm.
- Seat the flange contact surface completely on the cylinder mounting surface.
- The cylinder manufacturer determines the pressure-resistant gasket (copper gasket, O-ring, etc.).
- The position magnet should not grind on the sensor rod.
- The piston rod drilling for RF sensors with pressure rod (rod Ø 12.7 mm (0.5 in.)) is ≥ 16 mm (≥ 0.63 in.).
 The borehole depends on the pressure and piston speed.
- · Adhere to the information relating to operating pressure.
- · Protect the sensor rod against wear.

Notice for metric threaded flanges

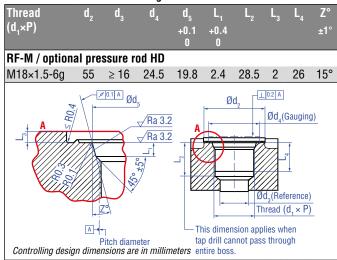


Fig. 28: Notice for metric threaded flange M18×1.5-6g based on DIN ISO 6149-1

For additional information about optional accessories see:

- HFP Profile (document part number: 551 442)
- Pressure rod HD / HL / HP (document part number: 551 770)

4.6 Magnet installation Magnet Typical sensors **Benefits** Ring magnets Rod models · Rotationally symmetrical (RH, RD4, RF) magnetic field **U-magnets** Profile & · Height tolerances can be rod models compensated (RP. RH. RD4, RF) Profile & · The magnet can be lifted off **Block magnets** rod models · Height tolerances can be (RP, RH, RF) compensated Profile models · The magnet is guided Magnet sliders through the profile (RP) The distance between the magnet and the waveguide is strictly defined Easy coupling via the ball joint

Fig. 29: Typical use of magnets

Mounting ring magnets, U-magnets & block magnets

Install the magnet using non-magnetic material for mounting device, screws, spacers etc.. The magnet must not grind on the sensor rod. Alignment errors are compensated via the air gap.

- Permissible surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm² (only for ring magnets and U-magnets)
- Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm; use washers, if necessary
- Minimum distance between position magnet and any magnetic material has to be 15 mm (0.6 in.) (Fig. 32).
- If no other option exists and magnetic material is used, observe the specified dimensions (Fig. 32).

NOTICE

Mount ring magnets and U-magnets concentrically. Mount block magnets centrically over the sensor rod or the sensor profile. Do not exceed the maximum acceptable gap (Fig. 30 / Fig. 31).

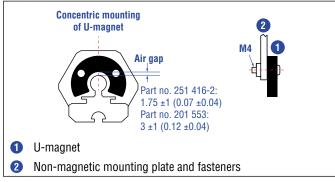


Fig. 30: Mounting of U-magnet (part no. 251 416-2 or part no. 201 553)

Concentric mounting of block magnet

Air gap: 3 ±2
(0.31 ±0.08)

Sensor element

1 Block magnet
2 Non-magnetic mounting plate

Fig. 31: Mounting of block magnet (part no. 403 448)

Magnet mounting with magnetic material

When using magnetic material the dimensions of Fig. 32 must be observed.

- A. If the position magnet aligns with the drilled piston rod
- **B.** If the position magnet is set further into the drilled piston rod, install another non-magnetic spacer (e.g. part no. 400 633) above the magnet.

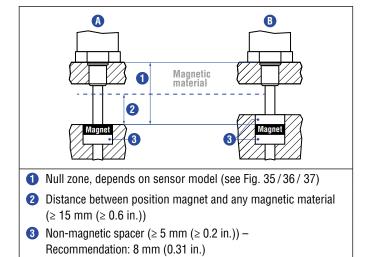


Fig. 32: Installation with magnetic material

Sensors with stroke lengths ≥ 1 meter (3.3 ft.)

Support horizontally installed sensors with a stroke length from 1 meter (3.3 ft.) mechanically at the rod end. Without the use of a support, rod and position magnet may be damaged. A false measurement result is also possible. Longer rods require evenly distributed mechanical support over the entire length (e.g. part no. 561 481). Use an U-magnet (Fig. 33) for measurement.

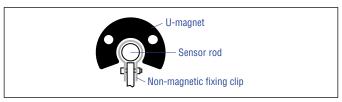


Fig. 33: Example of sensor support (part no. 561 481)

Operation Manual

Start- and end positions of the position magnets

Consider the start and end positions of the position magnets during the installation. To ensure that the entire stroke length is electrically

RP with U-magnet Sensor electronics housing -Reference edge of mounting **End position** Start position 66 / 71* (2.6 / 2.8*) 28 (1.1) * Stroke length > 5000 mm (196.9 in.) RP with magnet slider "S", "N", "V", "G" Sensor electronics housing Reference edge of mounting Start position **End position** 82 / 87* (3.23 / 3.43*) 12 (0.47) * Stroke length > 5000 mm (196.9 in.) RP with block magnet Sensor electronics housing -Reference edge of mounting Start position **End position** 68.5 / 73.5* (2.7 / 2.9*) 25.5 (1) * Stroke length > 5000 mm (196.9 in.) RH with ring magnet & U-magnet Sensor electronics housing -Reference edge of mounting **End position** Start position 63.5 / 66* (2.5 / 2.6*) 51 (2.01) * Stroke length > 5000 mm (196.9 in.)

Fig. 34: Start- & end positions of magnets, part 1

usable, the position magnet must be mechanically mounted as follows.

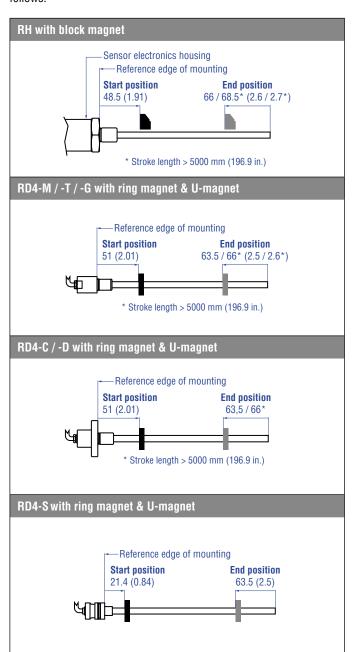


Fig. 35: Start- & end positions of magnets, part 2

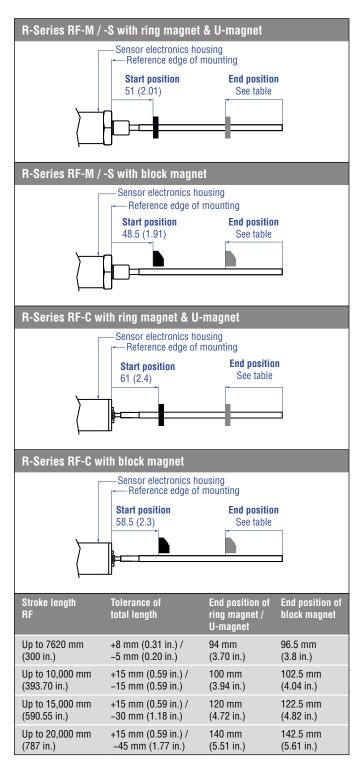


Fig. 36: Start- and end positions of magnets (Part 3)

NOTICE

On all sensors, the areas left and right of the active stroke length are provided for null and dead zone. These zones should not be used for measurement, but the active stroke length can be exceeded.

Multi-position measurement

The minimum distance between the magnets is 75 mm (3 in.).

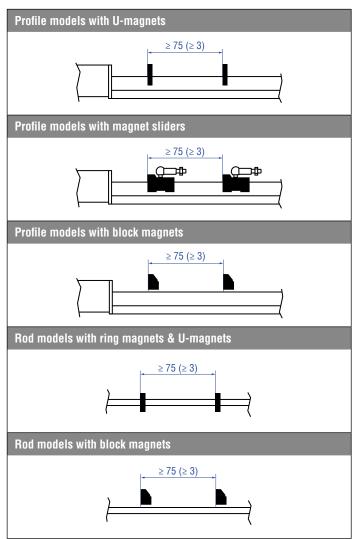


Fig. 37: Minimum distance for multi-position measurement

NOTICE

Use magnets of the same type (e.g. 2 ring magnets) for multi-position measurement.

Do not go below a minimal distance of 75 mm (3 in.) between the magnets for multi-position measurement.*

Controlling design dimensions are in millimeters and measurements in () are in inches

^{*/} Contact MTS Sensors if you need a magnet distance, which is smaller than 75 mm (3 in.).

Operation Manual

4.7 Replacement of sensor

The base unit of the sensor models RH (RH-B) and RF (RF-C) is replaceable as shown in Fig. 38 and Fig. 39. The sensor can be replaced without interrupting the hydraulic circuit.

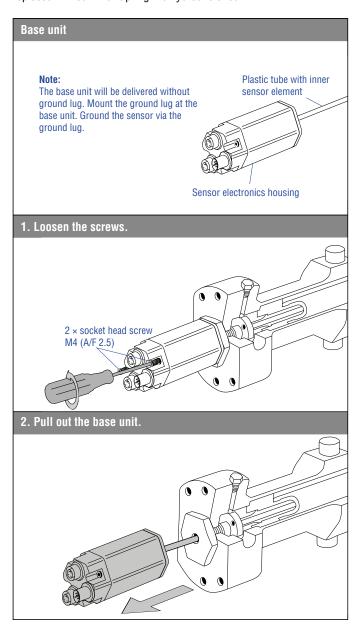


Fig. 38: Replacement of the base unit (e.g. RH sensor), part 1

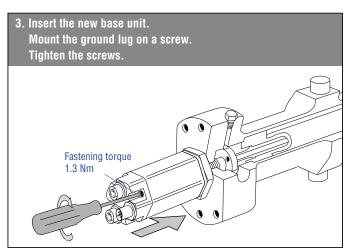


Fig. 39: Replacement of the base unit (e.g. RH sensor), part 2

NOTICE

- If necessary, the sensor electronics of sensor model RD4 can be replaced. Contact MTS Sensors for further information.
- Secure the base unit screws, e.g. using Loctite 243, before re-installing.

4.8 Electrical connections

Placement of installation and cabling have decisive influence on the sensor's electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Hence correct installation of this active electronic system and the EMC of the entire system must be ensured by using suitable metal connectors, shielded cables and grounding. Overvoltages or faulty connections can damage its electronics despite protection against wrong polarity.

NOTICE

- Do not mount the sensors in the area of strong magnetic or electric noise fields.
- 2. Never connect / disconnect the sensor when voltage is applied.

Instructions for connection

- Use low-resistant twisted pair and shielded cables. Connect the shield to ground externally via the controller equipment.
- Keep control and signal leads separate from power cables and sufficiently far away from motor cables, frequency inverters, valve lines, relays, etc..
- Use only connectors with metal housing and connect the shielding to the connector housing.
- Keep the connection surface at both shielding ends as large as possible. Connect the cable clamps to function as a ground.
- · Keep all non-shielded leads as short as possible.
- Keep the earth connection as short as possible with a large cross section. Avoid ground loops.
- With potential differences between machine and electronics earth connections, no compensating currents are allowed to flow across the cable shielding.

Recommendation:

Install potential compensating leads with large cross section, or use cables with separate double shielding, and connect only one end of the shield.

 Use only stabilized power supplies in compliance with the specified connecting values.

Grounding of profile and rod sensors

Connect the sensor electronics housing to machine ground. Ground sensor types RP, RH, RD4 and RF via ground lug as shown in Fig. 40. In addition you can ground the sensor type RH via thread.

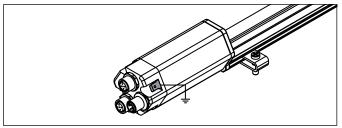


Fig. 40: Grounding via ground lug (e.g. profile sensor)

Connector wiring

Connect the sensor directly to the control system, indicator or other evaluating systems as follows:

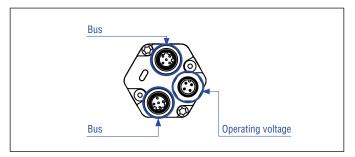


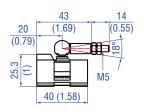
Fig. 41: Location of connections

D58		
Signal		
M12 female connector (D-coded)	Pin	Function
	1	Tx (+)
	2	Rx (+)
(2) (5) (4)	3	Tx (-)
	4	Rx (-)
View on sensor	5	Not connected
M12 female connector (D-coded)	Pin	Function
	1	Tx (+)
	2	Rx (+)
(2) (5) (4)	3	Tx (-)
	4	Rx (-)
View on sensor	5	Not connected
Power supply		
M12 male connector	Pin	Function
	1	+24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)
$(\mathbf{e}^{T}\mathbf{o})$	2	Do not connect*
	3	DC Ground (0 V)
	4	Do not connect*

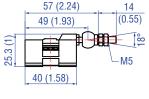
Fig. 42: Connector wiring D58

4.9 Frequently ordered accessories - Additional options available in our Accessories Guide [] 551 444

Position magnets



Magnet slider S, joint at top Part no. 252 182 Magnet slider V, joint at front Part no. 252 184



U-magnet 0D33 Part no. 251 416-2

Ø 4.3

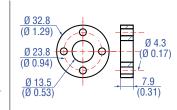
 $(\emptyset \ 0.17)$

Ø 23.8

(Ø 0.94)

Ø 13.5

(Ø 0.53)



Part no. 252 182 For: RP

Material: GFK, magnet hard ferrite Weight: Approx. 35 g Operating temperature: -40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

For: RP

Material: GFK, magnet hard ferrite Weight: Approx. 35 g Operating temperature: -40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

For: **RP, RH, RD4**

Material: PA ferrite GF20
Weight: Approx. 11 g
Surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm²
Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm
Operating temperature:
-40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F)

5

0

7.9

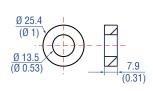
(0.31)

Ring magnet OD33 Part no. 201542-2

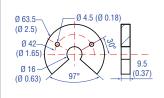
For: RH, RD4, RF

Material: PA ferrite GF20 Weight: Approx. 14 g Surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm Operating temperature: -40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F)

Position magnets



Ø 30.5 (Ø 1.2) Ø 19.8 (Ø 0.78) 7.6 (0.3)



Ring magnet 0D25.4 Part no. 400533

For: RH, RD4

Material: PA ferrite Weight: Approx. 10 g Surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm² Operating temperature: -40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F)

Ring magnet Part no. 402316

For: RH, RD4, RF

Material: PA ferrite coated Weight: Approx. 13 g Surface pressure: 20 N/mm² Operating temperature: -40...+100 °C (-40...+212 °F)

Block magnet L Part no. 403 448

For: RP, RH, RD4

Material: Hard ferrite
Weight: Approx. 20 g
Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm
Operating temperature:
-40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

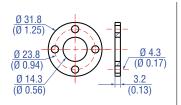
U-magnet OD63.5 Part no. 201 553

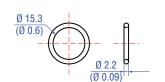
For: RH, RD4, RF

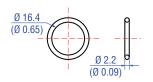
Material: PA 66-GF30, Magnets compound-filled Weight: Approx. 26 g Surface pressure: 20 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm Operating temperature: -40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

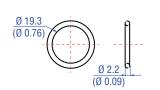
Magnet spacer

Sealings









Magnet spacer Part no. 400 633

For: RH, RD4

Material: Aluminum Weight: Approx. 5 g Surface pressure: 20 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm

O-ring for flange M18×1.5-6g Part no. 401 133

For: RH, RD4, RF

Material: Fluoroelastomer 75 ± 5 durometer Operating temperature: -40...+204 °C (-40...+400 °F)

O-ring for flange $\frac{3}{4}$ "-16 UNF-3A Part no. 560 315

For: RH, RD4, RF

Material: Fluoroelastomer 75 ± 5 durometer Operating temperature: -40...+204 °C (-40...+400 °F)

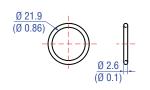
O-ring for flange M22×1.5-6g Part no. 561 337

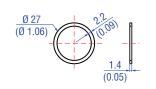
For: RH

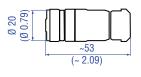
Material: FPM 75 durometer Operating temperature: -20...+200 °C (-6...+392 °F)

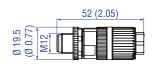
Sealing

Cable connectors 9









O-ring for pressure fit flange Part no. 560 705

Back-up ring for pressure fit flange Part no. 560 629

M12 A-coded female connector (5 pin), straight Part no. 370677

M12 D-coded male connector (4 pin), straight Part no. 370523

For: RD4

Material: Nitrile rubber Operating temperature: -53...+107 °C (-65...+225 °F) Application: Pressure fit flange

Material: Polymyte 90 durometer

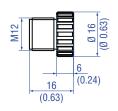
For: RD4

Material: GD-Zn, Ni Termination: Screw Contact insert: CuZn Cable Ø: 4...8 mm (0.16...0.31 in.) Wire: 1.5 mm² Operating temperature: -30...+85 °C (-22...+185 °F) Ingress protection: IP67 (correctly fitted)

Fastening torque: 0.6 Nm

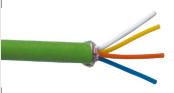
Material: Zinc nickel-plated Termination: Insulation-displacement Cable Ø: 5.5...7.2 mm (0.2...0.28 in.) Operating temperature: -25...+85 °C (-13...+185 °F) Ingress protection: IP65 / IP67 (correctly fitted) Fastening torque: 0.6 Nm

Accessory for M12 cable connector Cables









M12 connector end cap Part no. 370 537

Female connectors M12 should be covered by this protective cap Material: Brass nickel-plated Ingress protection: IP67 (correctly fitted) Fastening torque: 0.39...0.49 Nm

Cable with M12 D-coded male connector - M12 D-coded, male connector, 5 m (16.4 ft.) Part no. 530 064

Material: PUR jacket; green Features: Cat 5e Cable length: 5 m (16.4 ft) Cable Ø: 6.5 mm (0.26 in.) Ingress protection: IP65, IP67, IP68 (correctly fitted) Operating temperature: -30...+70 °C (-22...+158 °F)

Cable with M12 D-coded male connector - RJ45 male connector, 5 m (16.4 ft.) Part no. 530 065

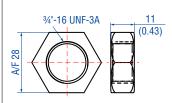
Material: PUR jacket; green Features: Cat 5e Cable length: 5 m (16.4 ft) Cable Ø: 6.5 mm (0.26 in.) Ingress protection M12 connector: IP67 (correctly fitted) Ingress protection RJ45 connector: IP20 (correctly fitted) Operating temperature: -30...+70 °C (-22...+158 °F)

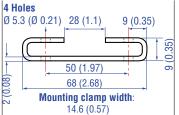
PUR cable Part no. 530125

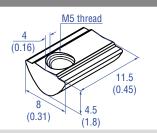
Material: PUR jacket; green Features: Cat 5 Cable Ø: 6.5 mm (0.26 in.) Dimensions: 2×2×0.35 mm² (22/7 AWG) Operating temperature: -20...+60 °C (-4...+140 °F)

Mounting hardware









Hex jam nut M18×1.5-6g Part no. 500 018

For: RH, RD4, RF

Material: Steel, zinc, plated

Hex jam nut 3/4"-16 UNF-3A Part no. 500 015

For: RH, RD4, RF Material: Zinc plated with nylon insert

Mounting clamp Part no. 400 802

For: RP Material: Stainless steel (AISI 304)

T-slot nut Part no. 401 602

For: RP

Fastening torque for M5 screw: 4.5 Nm

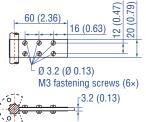
9/ Follow the manufacturer's mounting instructions

Controlling design dimensions are in millimeters and measurements in () are in inches

Operation Manual

Mounting hardware

Pressure rods (RF)



Fixing clip Part no. 561 481

For: RH, RD4

Application: Used to secure sensor rods (Ø 10 mm (Ø 0.39 in.)) when using an U-magnet Material: Brass, non-magnetic

Pressure rod with flange

M18×1.5-6g (flat-faced flange) and O-ring HD [length mm: XXXX] M

HD [length in.: XXX.X] U

For: RF-C

Pressure rod Ø: 12.7 mm (0.5 in.) Length: 255...7500 mm (10...295 in.) Operating pressure: 350 bar (5076 psi) Material flange:

Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303) Material rod:

Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304) See technical bulletin "RF pressure housing pipe" (document part no.: 551 770) for further information



(flat-faced flange) and O-ring HL [length mm: XXXX] M HL [length in.: XXX.X] U

For: RF-C

Pressure rod Ø: 12.7 mm (0.5 in.) Length: 255...7500 mm (10...295 in.) Operating pressure: 350 bar (5076 psi) Material flange: Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303) Material rod: Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304) See technical bulletin "RF pressure housing pipe" (document part no.:

551 770) for further information



Pressure rod with flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A Pressure rod with flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A (raised-faced flange) and O-ring HP [length mm: XXXX] M HP [length in.: XXX.X] U

For: RF-C

Pressure rod Ø: 12.7 mm (0.5 in.) Length: 255...7500 mm (10...295 in.) Operating pressure: 350 bar (5076 psi) Material flange: Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303) Material rod: Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304) See technical bulletin "RF pressure housing pipe" (document part no.: 551 770) for further information

Flanges (RF)

Profile (RF)



Flange M18×1.5-6g Part no. 402704

For: RF-C Material:

Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303)



Flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A Part no. 402 641

For: RF-C

Material:

Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303)



Profile with flange HFP [length mm: XXXXX] M HFP [length in.: XXXX.X] U

For: RF-C

Length: Max. 20 000 mm (max. 787 in.) Ingress protection: IP30 Material: Aluminum See "Product Flash RF Profile" (Document Part No.: 551 442) for further information

Manuals & Software available at: www.mtssensors.com

5. Operation

5.1 Getting started

The sensor is factory-set to its order sizes and adjusted, i.e. the required output signal corresponds exactly to the selected stroke length.

Example: Output Profinet IO RT = 0...100 % stroke length

Diagnostic display

(Red / green) LEDs in the sensor electronics housing lid provide information on the current sensor condition.

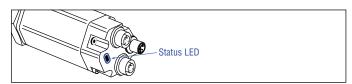


Fig. 43: LED display

Profinet LED status					
Gre	en	Red	i	Information	
	ON	0	OFF	Normal function	
	ON	•	ON	No connection to master	
	ON	•	Flashing	Parameterization failed	
0	OFF	•	ON	Warning! (illegal supply voltage / wrong quantity of magnets)	

NOTICE

Observe during commissioning

- 1. Before initial switch-on, check carefully if the sensor has been connected correctly.
- Position the magnet in the measuring range of the sensor during first commissioning and after replacement of the magnet.
- 3. Ensure that the sensor control system cannot react in an uncontrolled way when switching on.
- 4. Ensure that the sensor is ready and in operation mode after switching on. The bus status LED lights permanently green.
- 5. Check the preset span start and end values of the measuring range (see chapter 4.6) and correct them via the customer's control system, if necessary.

Following network protocols are supported:

- RTC (Class1) (Real Time Cyclic Protocol):
 Protocol for cyclic IO data (process data and measured values)
- RTA (Real Time Acyclic Protocol): Protocol for acyclic real time data (e.g. alarms)
- DCP (Discover and Basic Configuration Protocol): Assignment of IP configuration and device name
- DCE/RPC (Distributed Computing Environment Remote Procedure Call):
 Remote Procedure Calls via IP (e.g. parameter configuration)
- LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol): Protocol used for neighborhood detection
- SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol): Protocol used for network node diagnosis
- MRP (Media Redundancy Protocol):
 Searches for alternative routes in case of cable error or node error

6. Programming and configuration

Software configuration

These instructions describe the installation and configuration of a MTS Profinet IO RT sensor using a CP1616 Profinet IRT controller and a Siemens projecting tool (SIMATIC NCM Manager, version 5.5).

Installing the software and the network card

Depending on control system type.

The following figures are taken from the Siemens SIMATIC NC Manager documentation.

6.1 Configuration of the network interface

☐ Step 1: Configuration of the network interface

- \square Step 2: Configuration of the sensor designation
- ☐ Step 3: Controller setting and preparation of the network
- $\hfill \square$ Step 4: Integration of GSDML files (of the sensor)
- ☐ Step 5: Integration and configuration of the sensors
 - a) with U402 profile (MTS profile)
 - b) with U401 profile (encoder profile 4.1)

For communication with the Profinet network, an ethernet connection with corresponding configuration must be selected.

1. Select "Options" → "Set PG/PC Interface" (Fig. 44):



Fig. 44: Set PG/PC Interface (source: Siemens)

Operation Manual

2. Select a connection from the list, which is connected with CP1616, and click "OK" to confirm (Fig. 45).

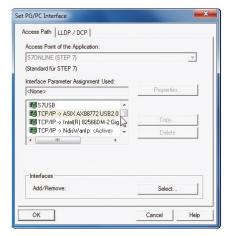


Fig. 45: Set PG/PC Interface (source: Siemens)

Note that the selected interface is configured in the same IP subnet as the CP1616 unit and that the following protocols are activated: QoS package planner, Profinet IO RT protocol V2.0, network monitor drivers, Internet protocol (TCP/IPv4).

6.2 Configuration of the sensor designation

- \square Step 2: Configuration of the sensor designation
- \square Step 3: Controller setting and preparation of the network
- ☐ Step 4: Integration of GSDML files (of the sensor)
- ☐ Step 5: Integration and configuration of the sensors
 - a) with U402 profile (MTS profile)
 - b) with U401 profile (encoder profile 4.1)

For clear sensor identification in the network, a sensor designation must be assigned. This is done in the NCM Manager.

- 1. Select the MTS R-Series Profinet IO RT sensor as described below (Fig. 46):
 - PLC
 - Edit Ethernet Node
 - Browse (Fig. 47)

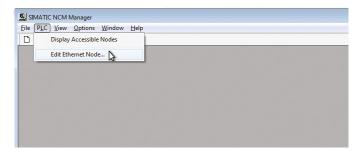


Fig. 46: Select the MTS R-Series Profinet sensor (step 1) (source: Siemens)

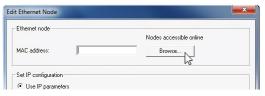


Fig. 47: Select the MTS R-Series Profinet sensor (step 2) (source: Siemens)

2. Select a sensor from the list to which a name must be assigned. A sensor is identified by the type designation "MTS-R-SERIES-PROFINET" and a "MAC address prefix 00-03-CA". Click "OK" to confirm your selection (Fig. 48).

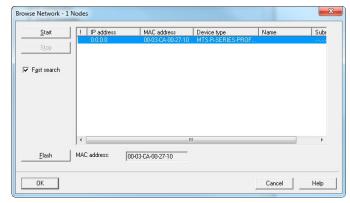


Fig. 48: List of available Profinet IO devices (source: Siemens)

3. Assign a device name and confirm your entry with "Assign name" (Fig. 49).

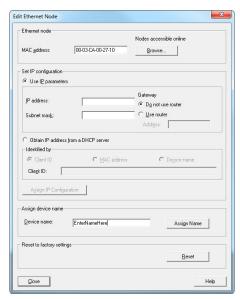


Fig. 49: Select the MTS R-Series Profinet sensor (step 3) (source: Siemens)

6.3 Controller setting and preparation of the network

\square Step 3: Controller setting and preparation of the network

- ☐ Step 4: Integration of GSDML files (of the sensor)
- ☐ Step 5: Integration and configuration of the sensors
 - a) with U402 profile (MTS profile)
 - b) with U401 profile (encoder profile 4.1)
 - Start the SIMATIC NCM Manager to configure the Profinet IO RT network.
 - Create a new project under "File" → "New" (Fig. 50).
 Subsequently, select the "Name" and the "Path" of the project file (Fig. 51).

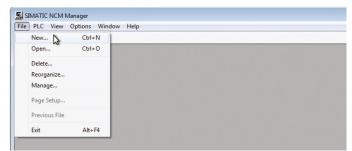


Fig. 50: Create a new project (source: Siemens)



Fig. 51: Assign a project name and a memory location (source: Siemens)

Click "OK" to confirm your entry.

After creating the project, the project overview opens, which will be filled with components when proceeding (Fig. 52).

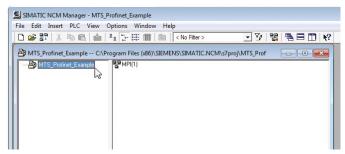


Fig. 52: Project overview (source: Siemens)

- Add a controller to the project. For this, proceed as described below (Fig. 53):
 - Right-click project (MTS_Profinet_Example)
 - · Insert new object
 - Select the SIMATIC PC Station

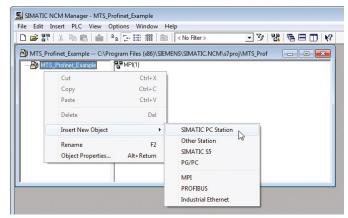


Fig. 53: Add a controller to the project (source: Siemens)

The SIMATIC PC station (controller) is displayed in the right area of the project overview. Double-click the SIMATIC PC station to display the controller in the left area of the project overview (Fig. 54).



Fig. 54: Controller link to project (source: Siemens)

4. Double-click "Configuration" with the "Station" selected to open the window "Module HW Config" to determine the network and sensor configuration (Fig. 55).

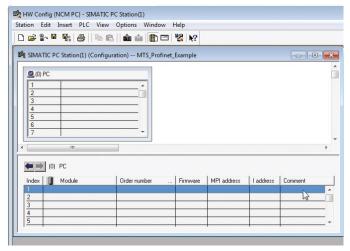


Fig. 55: Module HW Config (source: Siemens)

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- 5. Right-click to insert the network controller, as described below:
 - Insert Object (Fig. 56)
 - CP Industrial Ethernet (Fig. 57)
 - CP1616 (Fig. 58)

Select the appropriate firmware version of your CP1616. The dialog box "Properties – Ethernet interface" opens (Fig. 58). Set the IP address of your CP1616.

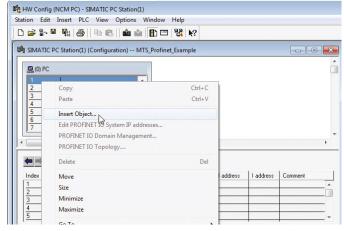


Fig. 56: Insert controller into the network (step 1) (source: Siemens)

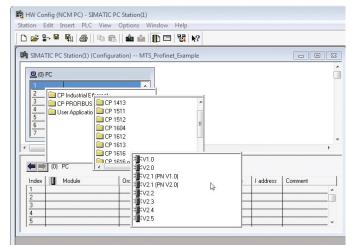


Fig. 57: Insert controller into the network (step 2) (source: Siemens)

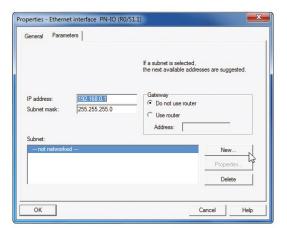


Fig. 58: Set IP adress of CP1616 (source: Siemens)

6. To create a subnet, click button "New" (Fig. 58).

Window "Properties – New subnet" opens (Fig. 59).

Define a name and click "OK" to confirm your entry.

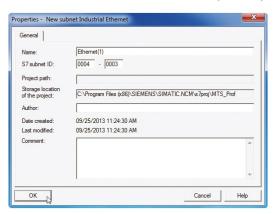


Fig. 59: Create a subnet (source: Siemens)

7. A network without sensors has been configured (Fig. 60).

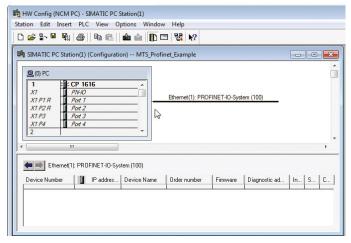


Fig. 60: Configuration of network without sensors (source: Siemens)

6.4 Integration of GSDML files (of the sensor)

- Step 1: Configuration of the network interface
- ✓ Step 3: Controller setting and preparation of the network

☐ Step 4: Integration of GSDML files (of the sensor)

- $\hfill \square$ Step 5: Integration and configuration of the sensors
 - a) with U402 profile (MTS profile)
 - b) with U401 profile (encoder profile 4.1)

To operate the sensor in a network, the sensor data is loaded from the GSDML file into the controller.

- 1. For this purpose, select the following options in window "HW Config" (Fig. 61):
 - Options
 - · Install GSD file

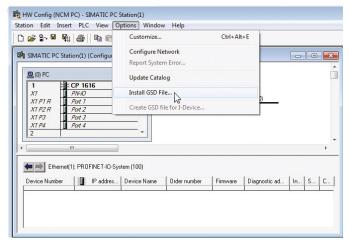


Fig. 61: HW Config (source: Siemens)

NOTICE

The U401 ¹⁰ profile (encoder Profile 4.1) fulfills the requirements and functionality according to the encoder profile V4.1 (PNO no. 3162). The U402 ¹⁰ profile (MTS profile) is a system developed by MTS Sensors for capturing position or velocity of up to 19 magnets. U401 and U402 are output choices of the order code.

- 2. Window "Install GSD File" is opened. Click button "Browse" to select one of the following GSD files (available at www.mtssensors.com):
 - U402 profile (MTS profile) (GSDML)
 - U401 profile (Encoder profile 4.1) (GSDML)

6.5 Integration and configuration of the sensors with MTS profile

- **☑** Step 4: Integration of GSDML files (of the sensor)
- □ Step 5: Integration and configuration of the sensors
 a) with U402 profile (MTS profile)
 - b) with U401 profile (encoder profile 4.1)
 - Select the MTS communication protocol from the directory displayed on the right (Fig. 62).

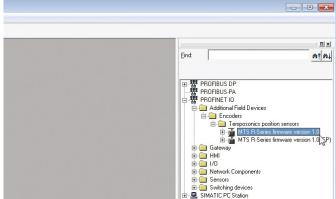


Fig. 62: Select MTS communication protocol (source: Siemens)

2. Select for U402 profile the file "MTS R-Series firmware version 1.0". Drag and drop this file from the directory into the network (dashed line). The sensor has been added to the network (Fig. 63).

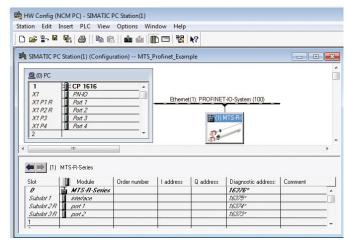


Fig. 63: Add sensor to the network (source: Siemens)

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- 3. Double-click on the MTS R-Series icon to select the sensor and enter the previously defined name into field "Device name".

 Press "OK" to confirm your entries.
- 4. Double-click Slot "0" to open a configuration dialog box (Fig. 64).

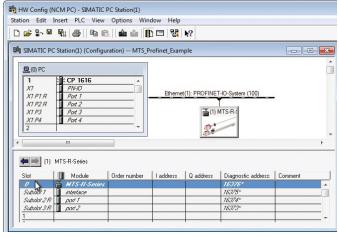


Fig. 64: HW Config-Window (Source: Siemens)

Select tab "Parameters" to realize the following sensor settings (Fig. 65):

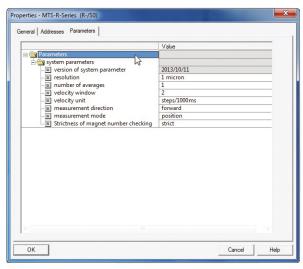


Fig. 65: Properties - MTS-R-Series (Source: Siemens)

a) Resolution:

Specifies the resolution for position measurement. Possible values: 1, 2, 5, 10, 50, 100 μm

b) Number of averages:

Specifies the number of values to form an average value. <u>Possible values:</u> 1, 2, 4, 8

c) Velocity window:

Specifies number of position values for determining the speed of the position magnet.

Possible values: 2, 4, 8, 16

d) Velocity unit:

Specifies the unit of velocity output.

Possible values: steps/s, steps/100ms, steps/10ms, mm/s

e) Measurement direction:

Specifies the measurement direction for position measurement. <u>Possible values:</u>

Forward (from the sensor electronics housing to the rod end) Reverse (from the rod end to the sensor electronics housing)

f) Measurement mode:

Specifies the mode of the output value: position or velocity. <u>Possible values:</u> position/velocity

g) Strictness:

Specifies an error display in multi magnetic measurements. <u>Possible values:</u>

Strict: Error display, when the number of magnets on the sensor \neq Number of ordered magnets (ZXX)

None: No error display, if the number of magnets < number of ordered magnets (ZXX)

Loose: An error displays, if the number of magnets is outside of the range shown in the table below.

Ordered magnets (Z <i>XX</i>)	Minimum number of magnets	Maximum number of magnets
01	1	1
02	2	2
03	2	3
04	3	4
05	4	5
06	4	6
07	5	7
08	6	8
09	6	9
10	7	10
11	7	11
12	8	12
13	9	13
14	10	14
15	10	15
16	11	16
17	12	17
18	12	18
19	13	19

The system displays an error message for all three values of the parameter "strictness" if the number of magnets on the sensor is higher than the ordered number of magnets. In addition, a warning is given when the used number of magnets is different from the projected number of magnets.

Double-click Slot "0" → Subslot "1" (Interface) (Fig. 66).
 Go to tab "IO Cycle" to enter the cycle time setting (Fig. 67).

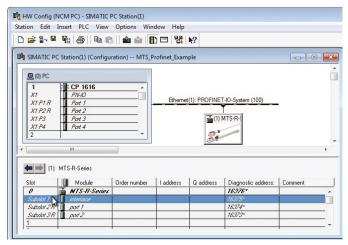


Fig. 66: HW Config (source: Siemens)

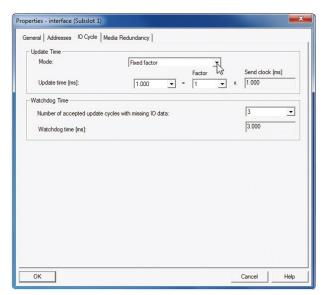


Fig. 67: Properties – interface (Subslot 1) (source: Siemens)

- 2. Add the number of magnets specified in your order as described below: Right-click Slot 1 (Fig. 68)
 - Insert Object (Fig. 68)
 - MTS R-Series Firmware Version X
 - Magnet (Fig. 69)

To add another magnet, repeat the steps described under item 6 for Slot 2, etc..

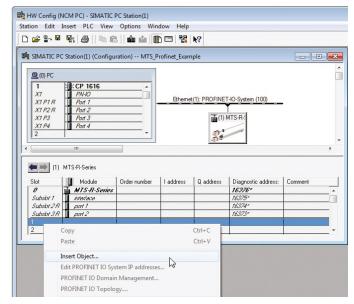


Fig. 68: Insert object (source: Siemens)

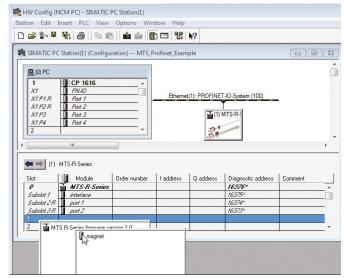


Fig. 69: Add magnet (source: Siemens)

Temposonics® R-Series Profinet IO RT

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Double-click a magnet to open window "Properties – magnet".
 Select tab "Parameters" and adjust the position offset of the magnet with unit μm (Fig. 70).

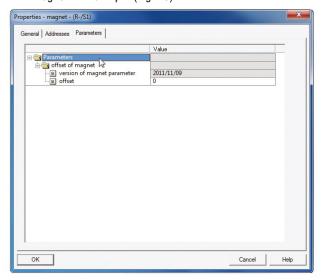


Fig. 70: Adjust the position offset of the magnet (source: Siemens)

- 4. Transfer your settings to the controller as described below (Fig. 71):
 - PLC
 - Download
 - CP1616

From your control program, you can now access the position data of the first magnet, etc., via addresses 512...515 (example).

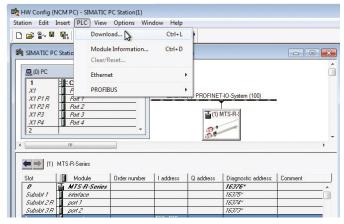


Fig. 71: Transfer settings to the control system (source: Siemens)

6.6 Integration and configuration of the sensors with encoder profile

- ☑ Step 4: Integration of GSDML files (of the sensor)
- ☐ Step 5: Integration and configuration of the sensors
 - a) with U402 profile (MTS profile)
 - b) with U401 profile (encoder profile 4.1) 11
 - 1. Select the encoder profile 4.1 from the directory displayed on the right (Fig. 72).

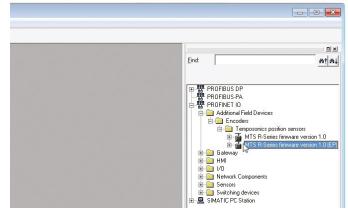


Fig. 72: Select Encoder profile 4.1 (source: Siemens)

 Select for U401 the file "MTS R-Series firmware version 1.0 (EP)". Drag and drop this file from the directory and drop it into the network (dashed line). The sensor has been added to the network (Fig. 73).

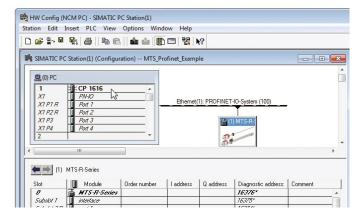


Fig. 73: Add sensor to the network (source: Siemens)

3. Double-click on the MTS R-Series icon to select the sensor and enter the previously defined name into field "Device name". Click "OK" to confirm your entries.

Now you can double-click on "Slot 1", "Subslot 1" (process data) to setup the sensors parameterization. Select tab

[&]quot;Parameters" to realize the following sensor settings:

^{11/} Depending on the integrated profile

a) Code sequence:

Specifies the measurement direction for position measurement CW = forward (from sensor electronics housing to rod end)
CCW = reverse (from rod end to sensor electronics housing)

b) Class 4 functionality:

Activating / deactivating the following parameters: Code sequence, scaling function, measuring step, total measuring range, velocity unit and G1_XIST1 preset control. With "Class 4 functionality" de-activated, the sensor measures with a resolution of 1 μm .

Any configured "Preset" is not taken into account and the measuring direction is forward. If the parameter "G1_XIST1 preset control" is activated this will affect G1_XIST1, G1_XIST2 and G1_XIST3.

c) G1_XIST1 preset control:

Specifies the effect of a preset on G1_XIST1. If Class 4 functionality is activated and G1_XIST1 preset control is disabled, the position value in G1_XIST1 will not be affected by a preset. Should be selected, if the preset should have an impact not only on G1_XIST2 and G1_XIST3, but also on G1_XIST1.

d) Scaling function control:

Activating / deactivating the scaling function. The "Scaling function"- parameter can be used to change the encoder resolution. Note that the "Scaling function" parameters can be activated only, if "Class 4 functionality" and "Scaling function control" are activated. Otherwise, the scaling function is disabled and the resolution is 1 μ m.

e) Alarm channel control:

Activating / deactivating the alarm channel. This parameter is used to limit the amount of data sent. This parameter is only supported in compatibility mode and can be deactivated only in compatibility mode.

f) Compatibility mode:

Activating / deactivating the compatibility mode. This parameter indicates, if the sensor should run in a mode compatible with encoder profile 3.1. The functions which are affected when this parameter is activated are listed in the table below.

Attribute	Meaning	Value
Enable	Compatibility with encoder profile V3.1	0
Disable	No backward compatibility (default)	1
Function	Compatibility mode enabled (= 0)	Compatibility mode disabled (= 1)
Control by PLC (STW2_ENC)	Ignored, the control word (G1_STW) and the set point values are always valid. Control requested (ZSW2_ENC) is not supported and is set to 0.	Supported
User parameter alarm channel control	Supported	Not supported, the application alarm channel is active and controlled by a PROFIdrive parameter.
P965 Profile Version	31 (V3.1)	41 (V4.1)

g) Measurement step (high DWORD):

Position measurement resolution 1, 2, 5, 10, 50, 100 $\mu m,$ provided that the "Scaling function" is activated.

h) Measurement step (low DWORD):

Position measurement resolution 1, 2, 5, 10, 50, 100 μ m, provided that the "Scaling function" is activated.

i) Measurement range (high DWORD):

Limits the measuring range to the number of measurement steps, provided that the "Scaling function" is activated.

j) Measurement range (low DWORD):

Limits the measuring range to the number of measurement steps, provided that the "Scaling function" is activated.

k) Maximum master sign-of-life failures:

Specifies the number of allowed failures of the masters sign-of-life. This parameter is only supported in compatibility mode.

I) Velocity unit 12:

Specifies the coding of the velocity units used to configure the signals NIST_A and NIST_B.

Parameter	Meaning	Value
Velocity measuring units	Definition of the units for the sensor velocity output value	See below
Velocity measuring units		Value
Steps/s		0
Steps/100 ms		1
Steps/10ms		2
RPM (= mm/s)		3

m) Preset value:

The preset value function enables adaptation of the position value from the sensor to a mechanical reference point. The preset function sets the actual position of the sensor to zero (= default value) or to the selected preset value. The preset function is controlled by bits in the control word (G1_STW) and acknowledged by a bit in the status word (G1_ZSW). A preset value can be set more than once. It can be stored to the nonvolatile memory using PROFIdrive parameter 971. The preset function has an absolute and a relative operating mode selectable by bit 11 in the control word (G1_STW). Bit 11 and bit 12 in the control word controls the preset in the following way:

Normal operating mode: Bit 12 = 0

In this mode the sensor will not change the output value.

Preset mode absolute: Bit 11 = 0 and Bit 12 = 1

In this mode the sensor calculates an internal offset value from the preset value and the current position value. The position value is then shifted with the calculated offset value to get a position value equal to the preset value.

Preset mode relative: Bit 11 = 1 and Bit 12 = 1

In this mode the position value is shifted by the preset value. This value can be a negative or a positive value and is set by sensor parameter 65000 or 65002.

The following steps are recommended when modifying the preset value parameters:

- Read the requested preset value parameter and check if the returned value meets the application requirements.
 If not, proceed with the following steps:
- 2. Write the preset value into the individual parameter.
- 3. Store the value in the nonvolatile memory by PROFIdrive parameter 971 if the value should be valid also after the next power on sequence.

It is recommended to use the preset function only at sensors standstill.

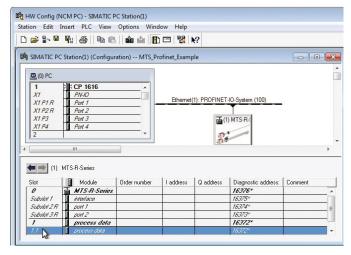


Fig. 74: Properties - process data (source: Siemens)

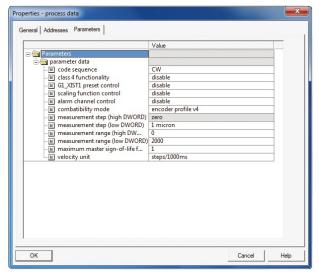


Fig. 75: Properties - process data (source: Siemens)

- 4. Select a standard telegram for output of the sensor position (Fig. 76). For this purpose, right-click "Slot 1", Subslot "2". Then, select:
- · Insert object
- MTS R-Series firmware version X
- · Process data
- · Standard telegram

For a description of the standard telegrams, see the tables on page 40...42.

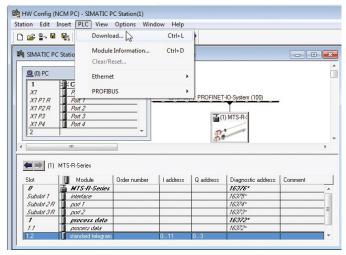


Fig. 76: Transfer settings to the control system (source: Siemens)

- 5. Transfer your settings to the control system as described below (Fig. 77):
- PLC
- Download
- CP1616

Now you can access the input or output data of standard telegram 81 from your control program via addresses (example) 0...11 (I address) and 0...3 (Q address).

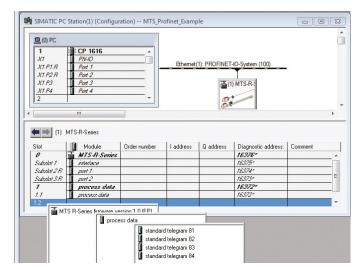


Fig. 77: Select standard telegram (source: Siemens)

Standard telegram 81

Standard telegram 81 uses 4 bytes for output data from the IO controller to the sensor and 12 bytes of input data from the sensor to the IO-controller.

Output data from the 10 controller (control → sensor)

IO Data	1	1	2				
Byte	0	1	2 3				
Actual value	STW2	_ENC	G1_STW				
Description		oder word 2	Ser contro				

Input data to the IO controller (sensor → control)

IO Data	1		2			3	4	1		5	6	
Byte	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Actual value	ZSW2	_ENC	G1_	ZSW		G1_>	(IST1			G1_>	(IST2	
Description	Status	word 2	Status	word		Positio	n value			Position	value 2	

Standard telegram 82

Standard telegram 82 uses 4 bytes for output data from the IO controller to the sensor and 14 bytes of input data from the sensor to the controller.

Output data from the IO controller (control → sensor)

IO Data	1	1	2	2		
Byte	0	1	2 3			
Actual value	STW2	_ENC	G1_STW			
Description		oder Word 2		nsor ol Word		

Input data to the IO controller (sensor → control)

IO Data		1	:	2	;	3		4		5		5	7	7
Byte	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Actual value	ZSW2	2_ENC	G1_	ZSW		G1_)	KIST1			G1_>	(IST2		NIS	T_A
Description	Status	word 2	Status	word		Positio	n value		Position value 2				Velo	city

Standard telegram 83

Standard telegram 83 uses 4 bytes for output data from the controller to the sensor and 16 bytes of input data from the sensor to the controller.

Output data from the IO controller (control → sensor)

IO Data	1	I	2				
Byte	0	1	2	3			
Actual value	STW2	_ENC	G1_STW				
Description		oder Word 2		nsor ol Word			

Input data to the IO controller (sensor → control)

IO Data		1		2		2		2		2		2		3	4	4		5		6	7	1	8	}
Byte	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15								
Actual value	ZSW2	_ENC	G1_	ZSW	G1_XIST1				G1_XIST2			NIST_B												
Description	Status	word 2	Status	word		Positio	n value			Position	value 2			Velo	city									

Standard telegram 84

Standard telegram 84 uses 4 bytes for output data from the controller to the sensor and 20 bytes of input data from the sensor to the controller.

Output data from the IO controller (control \rightarrow sensor)

IO Data	1	l	2				
Byte	0	1	2	3			
Actual value	STW2	_ENC	G1_STW				
Description		oder word 2		nsor ol word			

Input data to th	e 10 controller	(sensor → contro	il)			
IO Data	1	2	3	4	5	6

Byte	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Actual value	ZSW2	2_ENC	G1_	ZSW		G1_XIST3								G1_X	(IST2			NIS	T_B	
Description	Status	word 2	Status	s word		Position value								Position	value 2			Velo	ocity	

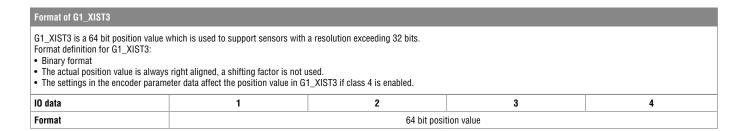
Source: PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e.V.; 2008; Profile Encoder Technical Specification for PROFIBUS and PROFINET related to PROFIdrive Version 4.1

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Control wo	ord 2 (STW2_ENC)	
Bit	Value Significance	Comments
06		Reserved
7	Tault acknowledge (0 → 1)	The fault signal is acknowledged with a positive edge; the sensor reaction to a fault depends on the type of fault.
8, 9		Reserved
	1 Control by PLC	Control via interface, EO IO data is valid.
10	0 No control by PLC	EO IO data not valid; except sign-of-life.
11		Reserved
1215	 Controller sign-of-life 	Not supported
Status wor	rd 2 (ZSW2_ENC)	
Bit	Value Significance	Comments
02		Reserved
3	1 Fault present	Unacknowledged faults or currently not acknowledged faults (fault messages) are present (in the buffer). The fault reaction is fault-specific and device-specific. The acknowledging of a fault may only be successful, if the fault cause has disappeared or has been removed before. If the fault has been removed the sensor returns
	0 No fault	to operation. The related fault numbers are in the fault buffer.
48		Reserved
9	1 Control request	The automation system is requested to assume control.
	0 No control request	Control by automation system is not possible, only possible at the device or by another interface.
10, 11		Reserved
1215	Encoder sign-of-life	Not supported
Sensor sta	atus word (G1_ZSW)	
Bit	Function	Comments
07	Reference mark search, measurement on the	fly –
8	Probe 1 deflected	-
9	Probe 2 deflected position mode (preset)	-
10	Reserved, set to zero	-
11	Requirements of error acknowledgment detec	oted –
12	Set / shift of home position (preset) execute	ed –
13	Transmit absolute value cyclically	If bit 13 transmits absolute value cyclically or bit 15 sensor error is not set there is no valid value or error code transferred in G1_XIST2. Bit 13 transmits absolute value cyclically cannot be set at the same time as bit 15 sensor error. These bits are used to indicate either a valid position value transmission (bit 13) or the error code transmission (bit 15) in G1_XIST2.
14	Parking sensor active	-
15	Sensor error	-
Sensor co	ntrol word (G1_STW)	
Bit	Function	Comments
07	Reference mark search, measurement on the	fly
810	Reserved (without effect)	
11	Home position mode position mode (prese	t)
12	Request set / shift of home position (prese	t)
13	Request absolute value cyclically	
14	Activate parking sensor	If the sensor parking is activated (bit 14 = 1) the sensor is still on the bus with the slave sign-of-life active and the sensor error and diagnostics switched off.
15	Acknowledging a sensor error	

Source: PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e.V.; 2008; Profile Encoder Technical Specification for PROFIBUS and PROFINET related to PROFIdrive Version 4.1



6.7 Error diagnosis

From HW Config, connect with the Profinet network for error diagnosis (Fig. 78). Subsequently, the actual device and controller status is displayed (Fig. 79).

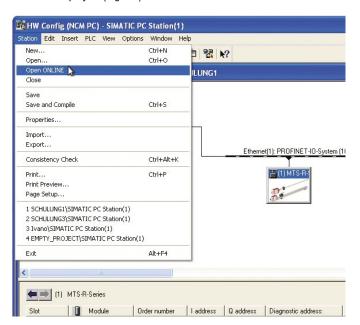


Fig. 78: Connect to Profinet sensor (source: Siemens)

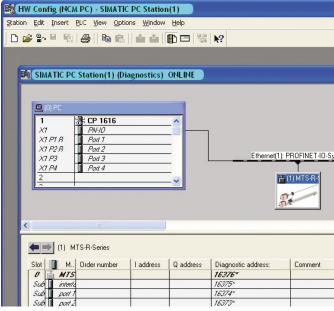


Fig. 79: Device and controller status (source: Siemens)

Devices with an error are marked with symbol **(Fig. 80)**.

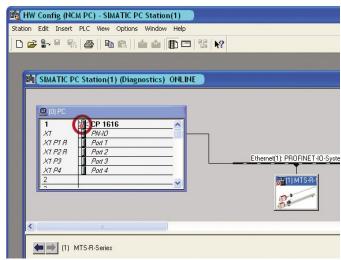


Fig. 80: Device marking in case of an error (source: Siemens)

For error diagnosis, double-click the device marked with symbol . Select tab "IO device diagnosis" to view the error details. In the example, a position magnet is missing for a Temposonics® sensor with MTS profile (Fig. 81).

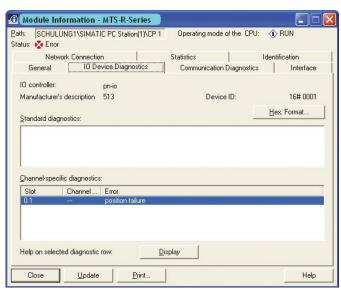


Fig. 81: Error diagnosis (example) (source: Siemens)

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These diagnosis outputs are realized via alarm messages and Profinet interface. Temposonics® Profinet sensors support the following diagnosis alarms:

U402 (MTS Profile)				
Alarm ID	Meaning			
17	Inadmissible operating voltage			
27	Bad number of magnets			
U401 (Encoder Profile)				
Alarm ID	Meaning			
36865	High operating voltage			
36866	Low operating voltage			
36874	Bad number of magnets			

7. Maintenance and troubleshooting

7.1 Error conditions, troubleshooting

See chapter "5. Operation" on page 31.

7.2 Maintenance

The sensor is maintenance-free.

7.3 Repair

Repairs of the sensor may be performed only by MTS Sensors or a repair facility explicitly authorized by MTS Sensors.

7.4 List of spare parts

No spare parts are available for this sensor.

7.5 Transport and storage

The conditions of transport and storage of the sensor match the operating conditions mentioned in this document.

8. Removal from service / dismantling

The product contains electronic components and must be disposed of in accordance with the local regulations.

9. Technical data

9.1 Technical data Temposonics® RP

n	п	٠	n	т	н
u	ш	ı	u	u	ı

Interface Profinet IO

Data protocol RT

Data transmission rate 100 MBit/s maximum

Measured value Position or velocity / option: Multi-position measurement 2...19 positions or velocities

Measurement parameters

Resolution: Position 1, 2, 5, 10, 50, 100 µm selectable

Resolution: Velocity 1 mm/s

Cycle time 1000 mm (39.4 in.) 2000 mm (78.7 in.) 4000 mm (157.5 in.) 7000 mm (275.6 in.)

1000 μs 2000 μs 4000 μs 7000 μs

Linearity 13 < ± 0.01 % F.S. (minimum ± 50 μ m) Repeatability < ± 0.001 % F.S. (minimum ± 2.5 μ m)

Hysteresis < 4 μm typical
Temperature coefficient < 15 ppm/K typical

Operating conditions

Operating temperature -40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

Humidity 90 % relative humidity, no condensation

Ingress protection¹⁴ IP65 (correctly fitted)

Shock test 100 g (single shock), IEC standard 60068-2-27

Vibration test 15 g (10...2000 Hz), IEC standard 60068-2-6 (resonance frequencies excluded)

EMC test Electromagnetic immunity EN 61000-6-2
Electromagnetic emission EN 61000-6-3

The sensor meets the requirements of the EU directives and is marked with CE

Magnet movement velocity Any (with magnet slider: Maximum 10 m/s)

Design / Material

Sensor electronics housing Aluminum
Sensor profile Aluminum

Stroke length 25...5080 mm (1...200 in.)

Mechanical mounting

Mounting position Any

Mounting instruction Please consult the technical drawings

Electrical connection

Connection type 2 × M12 female connector (5 pin), 1 × M12 female connector (4 pin)

Operating voltage¹⁵ +24 VDC (-15 / +20 %); UL recognition requires an approved power supply with energy limitation

(UL 61010-1), or Class 2 rating according to the National Electrical Code (USA) / Canadian Electrical Code.

Ripple $\leq 0.28 \text{ V}_{PP}$ Current consumption¹⁵ 110 mA typical

Dielectric strength 500 VDC (DC ground to machine ground)

Polarity protection Up to -30 VDC
Overvoltage protection Up to 36 VDC

^{13/}With position magnet # 252 182

^{14/}The IP rating is not part of the UL approval

^{15/}Power supply must be able to provide current of 1A for power up process

9.2 Technical data Temposonics® RH

Output

Interface/Data protocol Profinet IO

Data protocol RT

Data transmission rate 100 MBit/s maximum

Measured value Position or velocity / option: Multi-position measurement 2...19 positions or velocities

Measurement parameters

Resolution: Position 1, 2, 5, 10, 50, 100 µm selectable

Resolution: Velocity 1 mm/s

Cycle time 1000 mm (39.4 in.) 2000 mm (78.7 in.) 4000 mm (157.5 in.) 7000 mm (275.6 in.)

1000 μs 2000 μs 4000 μs 7000 μs

Linearity 16 < ± 0.01 % F.S. (minimum ± 50 μ m) Repeatability < ± 0.001 % F.S. (minimum ± 2.5 μ m)

Hysteresis < 4 μm typical
Temperature coefficient < 15 ppm/K typical

Operating conditions

Operating temperature -40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

Humidity 90 % relative humidity, no condensation

Ingress protection¹⁷ IP67 (correctly fitted)

Shock test 100 g (single shock), IEC standard 60068-2-27

Vibration test 15 g (10...2000 Hz), IEC standard 60068-2-6 (resonance frequencies excluded)

EMC test Electromagnetic immunity EN 61000-6-2

Electromagnetic emission EN 61000-6-3

The sensor meets the requirements of the EU directives and is marked with $\boldsymbol{\zeta}\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$

Operating pressure 350 bar (5076 psi); Peak: 700 bar (10,153 psi); RH-J: Peak 800 bar (11,603 psi)

Magnet movement velocity Any

Design / Material

Sensor electronics housing Aluminum

Flange Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303)
Sensor rod Stainless steel 1.4306 (AISI 304L)
Stroke length 25...7620 mm (1...300 in.)

Mechanical mounting

Mounting position Any

Mounting instruction Please consult the technical drawings

Electrical connection

Connection type 2 × M12 female connector (5 pin), 1 × M12 female connector (4 pin)

Operating voltage¹⁸ +24 VDC (-15 / +20 %); UL recognition requires an approved power supply with energy limitation

(UL 61010-1), or Class 2 rating according to the National Electrical Code (USA) / Canadian Electrical Code.

 $\label{eq:response_problem} \mbox{Ripple} \qquad \qquad \leq 0.28 \ \mbox{V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize PP}} \\ \mbox{Current consumption}^{\mbox{\tiny 18}} \qquad \qquad 110 \ \mbox{mA typical}$

Dielectric strength 500 VDC (DC ground to machine ground)

Polarity protection Up to -30 VDC
Overvoltage protection Up to 36 VDC

^{16/}With position magnet # 251 416-2

^{17/}The IP rating is not part of the UL approval

^{18/}Power supply must be able to provide current of 1 A for power up process

9.3 Technical data Temposonics® RD4

Output

Interface Profinet IO Data protocol RT

Data transmission rate 100 MBit/s maximum

Measured value Position or velocity / option: Multi-position measurement 2...19 positions or velocities

Measurement parameters

Resolution: Position 1, 2, 5, 10, 50, 100 µm selectable

Resolution: Velocity 1 mm/s

Cycle time 1000 mm (39.4 in.) 2000 mm (78.7 in.) 4000 mm (157.5 in.) 7000 mm (275.6 in.)

> $1000 \mu s$ 2000 µs 4000 µs 7000 µs

Linearity 19 $< \pm 0.02$ % F.S. (minimum $\pm 50 \mu m$) ²⁰ Repeatability $< \pm 0.001$ % F.S. (minimum $\pm 2.5 \mu$ m) typical

Hysteresis < 4 µm typical

Operating conditions

Operating temperature -40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

Humidity 90 % relative humidity, no condensation

Ingress protection for sensor electronics IP67 (correctly fitted) Ingress protection for sensor rod with IP65 (correctly fitted) connecting cable for side cable entry

Ingress protection for sensor rod with IP30 (correctly fitted)

single wires and flat connector with bottom

cable entry

Shock test 100 g (single shock), IEC standard 60068-2-27

Vibration test 10 g (10...2000 Hz), IEC standard 60068-2-6 (resonance frequencies excluded)

EMC test 21 Electromagnetic immunity EN 61000-6-2 Electromagnetic emission EN 61000-6-3

350 bar (5076 psi); peak: 700 bar (10,153 psi)

Magnet movement velocity Any

Design / Material

Operating pressure

Sensor electronics housing Aluminum

Flange Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303) Sensor rod Stainless steel 1.4306 (AISI 304L) 25...5080 mm (1...200 in.) Stroke length

Mechanical mounting

Mounting position Any

Mounting instruction Please consult the technical drawings

Electrical connection

Connection type 2 × M12 female connector (5 pin), 1 × M12 female connector (4 pin)

Operating voltage 22 +24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)

Ripple $\leq 0.28 V_{pp}$ Current consumption 22 110 mA typical

500 VDC (DC ground to machine ground) Dielectric strength

Up to -30 VDC Polarity protection Overvoltage protection Up to 36 VDC

^{19/}With position magnet # 251 416-2

^{20/}For pressure fit flange »S« the linearity deviation can be higher in the first 30 mm (1.2 in.) of stroke length

^{21/}Sensor rod and connecting cable have to be mounted in a metal housing (e.g. in a cylinder)

^{22/}Power supply must be able to provide current of 1 A for power up process

9.4 Technical data Temposonics® RF

Output

Interface/Data protocol Profinet IO

Data protocol RT

Data transmission rate 100 MBit/s maximum

Measured value Position or velocity / option: Multi-position measurement 2...19 positions or velocities

Measurement parameters

Resolution: Position 1, 2, 5, 10, 50, 100 µm selectable

Resolution: Velocity 1 mm/s

Cycle time 1000 mm (39.4 in.) 2000 mm (78.7 in.) 4000 mm (157.5 in.) 7000 mm (275.6 in.)

1000 μs 2000 μs 4000 μs 7000 μs

Linearity 23 < ± 0.02 % F.S. (minimum ± 100 μ m) Repeatability < ± 0.001 % F.S. (minimum ± 2.5 μ m) typical

Hysteresis $< 4 \mu m$ typical

Operating conditions

Operating temperature -40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

Humidity ²⁴ 90 % relative humidity, no condensation

Ingress protection IP30 (correctly fitted)

IP65 (rating only for professional mounted guide pipe and if mating connectors are correctly fitted)

Shock test 100 g (single shock), IEC standard 60068-2-27

Vibration test 5 g (10...150 Hz), IEC standard 60068-2-6 (resonance frequencies excluded)

EMC test Electromagnetic immunity EN 61000-6-2

Electromagnetic emission EN 61000-6-3

The sensor meets the requirements of the EU directives and is marked with CE25

Magnet movement velocity Any

Design / Material

Sensor electronics housing Aluminum

Flange Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303)

Sensor rod Stainless steel conduct with PTFE coating

Stroke length 150...20000 mm (4...787 in.)

Mechanical mounting

Mounting position Any

Mounting instruction Please consult the technical drawings

Electrical connection

Connection type $2 \times M12$ female connector (5 pin), $1 \times M12$ female connector (4 pin)

Operating voltage 26 +24 VDC (-15 / +20 %)

Ripple $\leq 0.28 \text{ V}_{PP}$ Current consumption ²⁶ 110 mA typical

Dielectric strength 500 VDC (DC ground to machine ground)

Polarity protection Up to -30 VDC Overvoltage protection Up to 36 VDC

^{24/}For professional mounted guide pipe and if mating connectors are correctly fitted

^{25/}The conformity is fulfilled assumed the wave guide of the sensor is embedded in an EMC-sealed and grounded housing

^{26/}Power supply must be able to provide current of 1 A for power up process

10. Appendix

Safety Declaration

Dear Customer,

If you return one or several sensors for checking or repair, we need you to sign a safety declaration. The purpose of this declaration is to ensure that the returned items do not contain residues of harmful substances and / people handling these items will not be in danger.

MTS Sensors order number:		Sensor type(s):	
Serial number(s):		Sensor length(s):	
The sensor has been in contact with	the following materials:		
Do not specify chemical formulas. Please include safety data sheets of t	he substances, if applicable.	In the event of suspected penetration of substances into the sensor, consult MTS Sensors to determine measures to be taken before shipment.	
Short description of malfunction:			
Corporate information		Contact partner	
Company:		Name:	
Address:		Phone:	
		E-Mail:	
We hereby certify that the measuring Equipment handling is safe. Personne			
Stamp			



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